



Parking Violation & Restricted Zone VCA

User Guide

Rev.: 1.0

SW rev.: 6.15

These features can suffice a wide variety of surveillance needs in different scenarios. The feature package comes with fixed dome, bullet, or fisheye cameras to fit various installation sites. They can be used to monitor office buildings, retail stores, industrial assets, for areas less attended by security staff. VCA Events are incorporated into VIVOTEK's VAST software and NVR, enabling rapid search through the archived footages. The instant video prompts enable security personnel to quickly react to potential problems.

Minimized No. of False Alarms: An important factor in the Deep Learning VCA is a human and vehicle silhouette database and the rapid responses via an artificial neural network technology. The Smart engine instantly recognizes human appearances in a video surveillance area. Since people and vehicles are the objects of interest in the majority of video surveillance, the People detection feature enables users to quickly configure their installation.

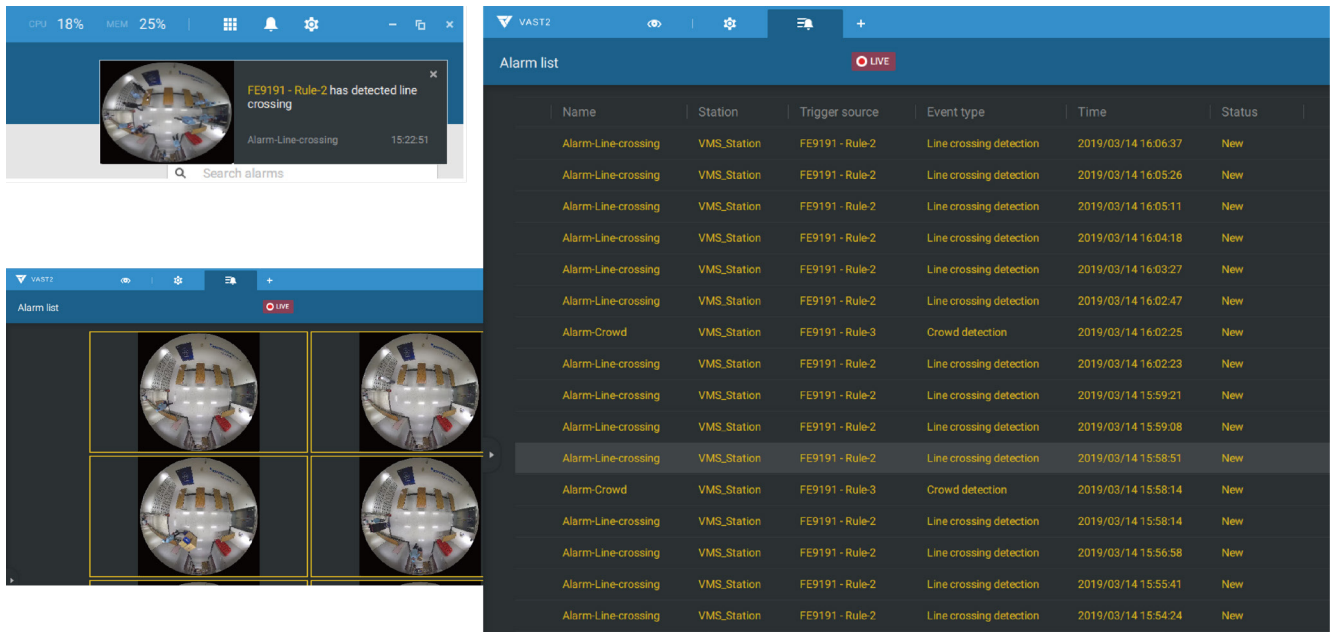
The traditional video contents analysis relies heavily on the detection of pixel changes or motion vectors, and false alarms can be triggered by swaying trees, clouds floating by, or even the appearance of little animals. The Deep Learning VCA detection, with comprehensive detection rules and tunable time filter, can eliminate the defects of traditional video detection and facilitate the configuration at a surveillance site.

Ease of Configuration: With the self-learning algorithm, light changes or swaying vegetation, or animal activities in the scene are not taken as event triggers. Only activities worth notice will trigger an event. This helps reduce false alarms and the time and efforts for a camera configuration.

Reduced Management Efforts: Integrated with VIVOTEK's VAST software, the VCA events can be tagged as video clips, making the forensic search effortless. With ordinary video recordings, it often takes hours to search for meaningful videos from the archives. With the VCA tagged events, searching for the related evidences is reduced to a matter of minutes. The correlation of events on different cameras are available at a glance as tagged events in the VAST Alarm list.

If users choose to record the videos only when VCA alarms occur, the bandwidth and storage requirements can be minimized. Also, the detection and analysis takes place on individual cameras, instead of being processed on a dedicated server. There is no need for an expensive server hardware, and the use of network bandwidth for transmitting videos is reduced to minimum.

VCA Events as Event Prompts, in List, and in Thumbnails.



The screenshot displays the VIVOTEK VAST2 interface. On the left, a small window shows a live video feed with a VCA event prompt overlay: "FE9191 - Rule-2 has detected line crossing" and "Alarm-Line-crossing 15:22:51". Below this, a larger window shows a grid of four video thumbnails, each with a VCA event prompt overlay. On the right, a large window titled "Alarm list" shows a table of VCA events.

Name	Station	Trigger source	Event type	Time	Status
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:06:37	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:05:26	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:05:11	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:04:18	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:03:27	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:02:47	New
Alarm-Crowd	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-3	Crowd detection	2019/03/14 16:02:25	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:02:23	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:59:21	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:59:08	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:58:51	New
Alarm-Crowd	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-3	Crowd detection	2019/03/14 15:58:14	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:58:14	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:56:58	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:55:41	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:54:24	New

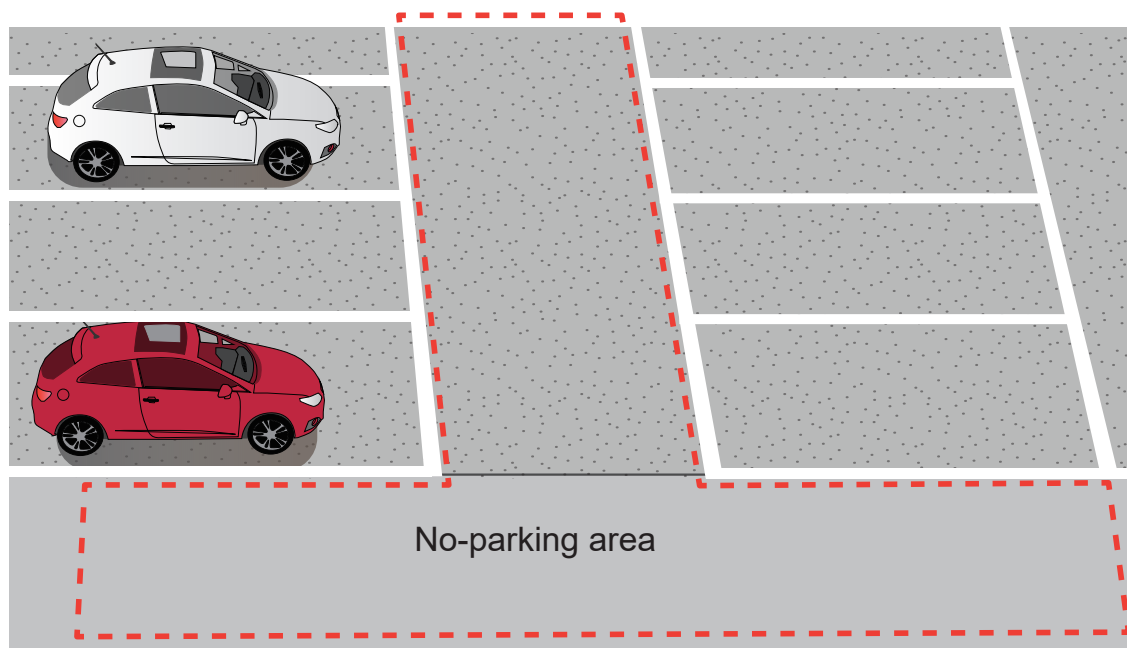
For VCA events such as a wait line that is too long at the checkout, a trespasser crossing the fence, the security staff can quickly take a look.

Deep Learning VCA also supports the traditional event messaging, such as Sending live streams, record videos, send HTTP requests, send videos to FTP, sending Emails with snapshots, etc.

Individual Features

Parking Violation

The Parking Violation detection helps when vehicles stay still for a period of time in an area. You can configure an area where parking can cause problems. You can configure an event notification when vehicles stay longer than a configurable period of time, e.g., 20 seconds.

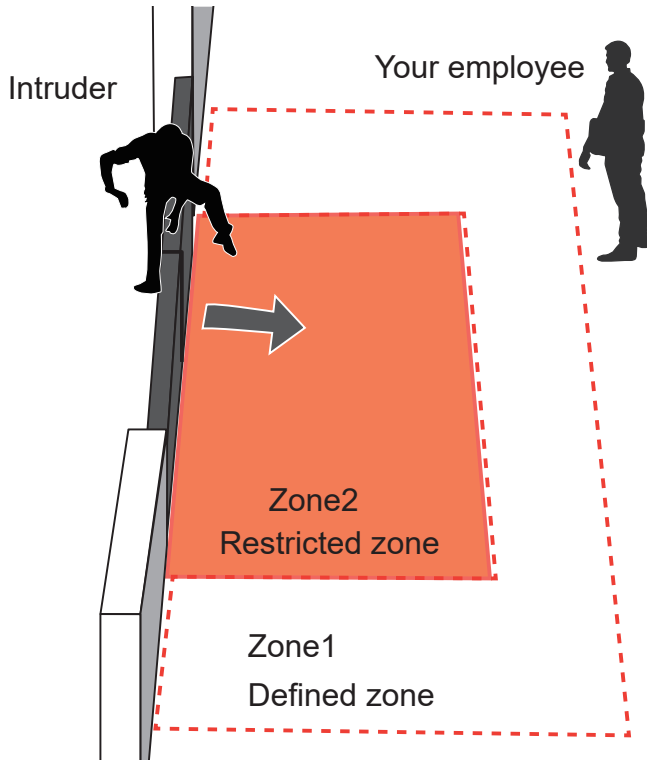


The applicable scenarios of this feature can be:

- * Detects abnormal parking on the side of the road.
- * To receive notifications when someone parks in front of an important access.

Restricted Zone

The Restricted Zone is a conditional detection where an intruder can be detected by entering a Restricted zone. The workers inside a facility will not trigger an alarm by entering a Defined zone first and then enter the Restricted zone.



The applicable scenarios of this feature can be:

- * Detects and triggers an alarm when a person or vehicle enters a restricted zone while someone passes through two zones will not trigger an alarm.



NOTE:

1. The effectiveness of the Smart Motion detection slightly diminishes for objects lower than 130cm, such as children.
2. The accuracy of vehicle detection is lower for large trucks or trailers. It works best for smaller vehicles moving in a perpendicular direction to the field of view.
3. For VCA running on MS9390, the VCA is turned off by default. When running VCA, the frame rate will be reduced. You can manually turn on the VCA if preferred.
4. When using an HTTPS connection, you should stop and re-start the VCA after you upload a license.

Revision History

- Rev. 1.0: Initial release



IMPORTANT:

Requirements for Running the VCA:

1. The embedded video tracking requires a monitoring session on Chrome, Microsoft IE 10 or IE 11 browser.
If you open a console with a non-IE browser, the Smart Motion stream must be configured to be streaming in [MJPEG](#).
2. Lens cleanliness is also required because dust spots or smears on dirty lens can produce miscalculation of pixels, correlation, and movements.
3. For other installation concerns, please refer to page 16, Considerations.
4. Avoid glass and reflective materials, such as aluminum foils, in the field of view. If unavoidable, you can use the Exclusive area settings to get rid of the side effects.
5. Make sure the camera is installed appropriately above the area of your interest, e.g., an entrance to building. Installation at an extremely busy area, e.g., a square or cross road section with dozens of passengers per minute, may not apply due to the system computing load.
6. Due to the system load, do not open two configuration web consoles at the same time.

Applicable Cameras:

Please refer to VIVOTEK's VCA package and camera documentation on the website. The majority of VIVOTEK's latest camera models will come embedded with this utility.

Licensing

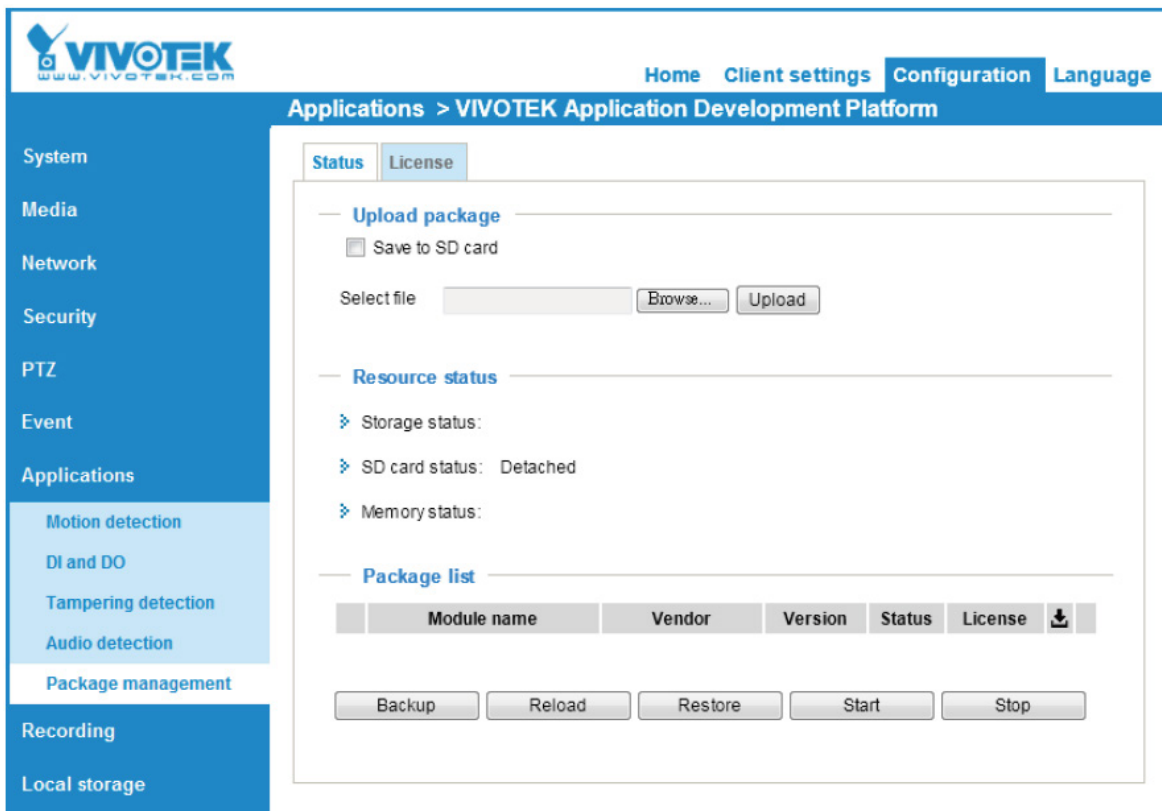
The VCA features can be acquired through the following:

1. VCA package and license are ready in the factory.
2. VCA package is ready, the license is purchased later. Users need to upload the VCA license to enable the features.
3. Online purchase of the VCA package and license. Users need to manually upload the VCA packages and licenses.

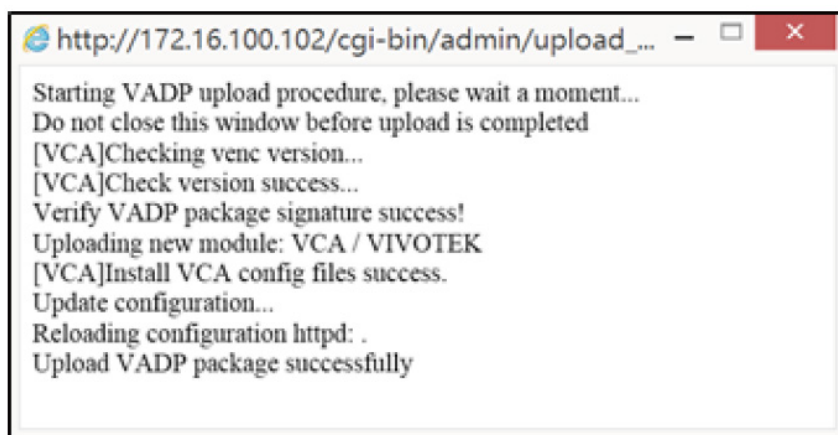
Uploading VCA Package:

1. You can download the VCA package from VIVOTEK's website or acquire it through your distributors or sales. Acquire the package files and click the Browse button to locate the VCA package you received. The web address is: <https://www.vivotek.com/learning/feature-article/24/smart-vca>.

On a web console, open the Configuration > Applications > Package management page.

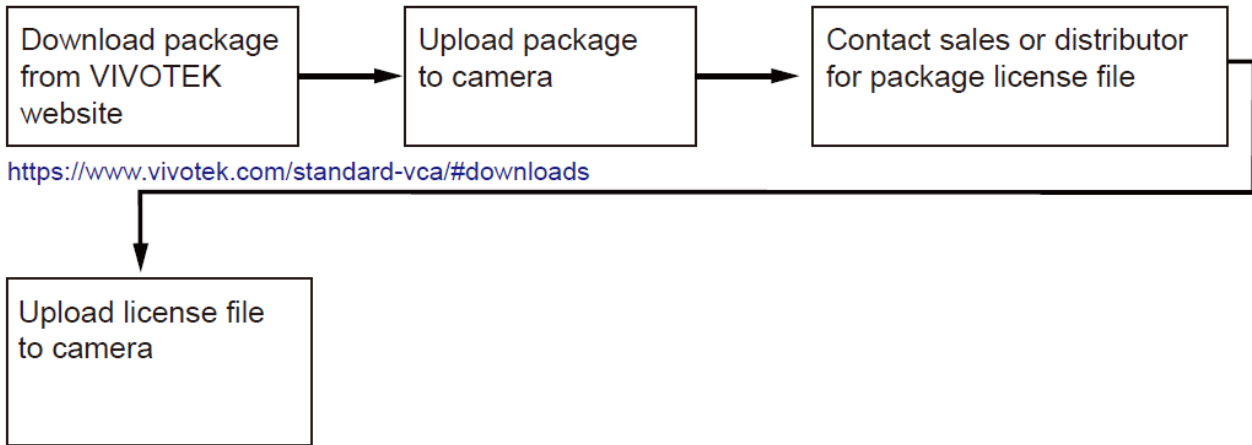


2. Click the Upload button to upload the VCA package. For a package file, the file extension name "gz." The screen message for successful upload is shown below.

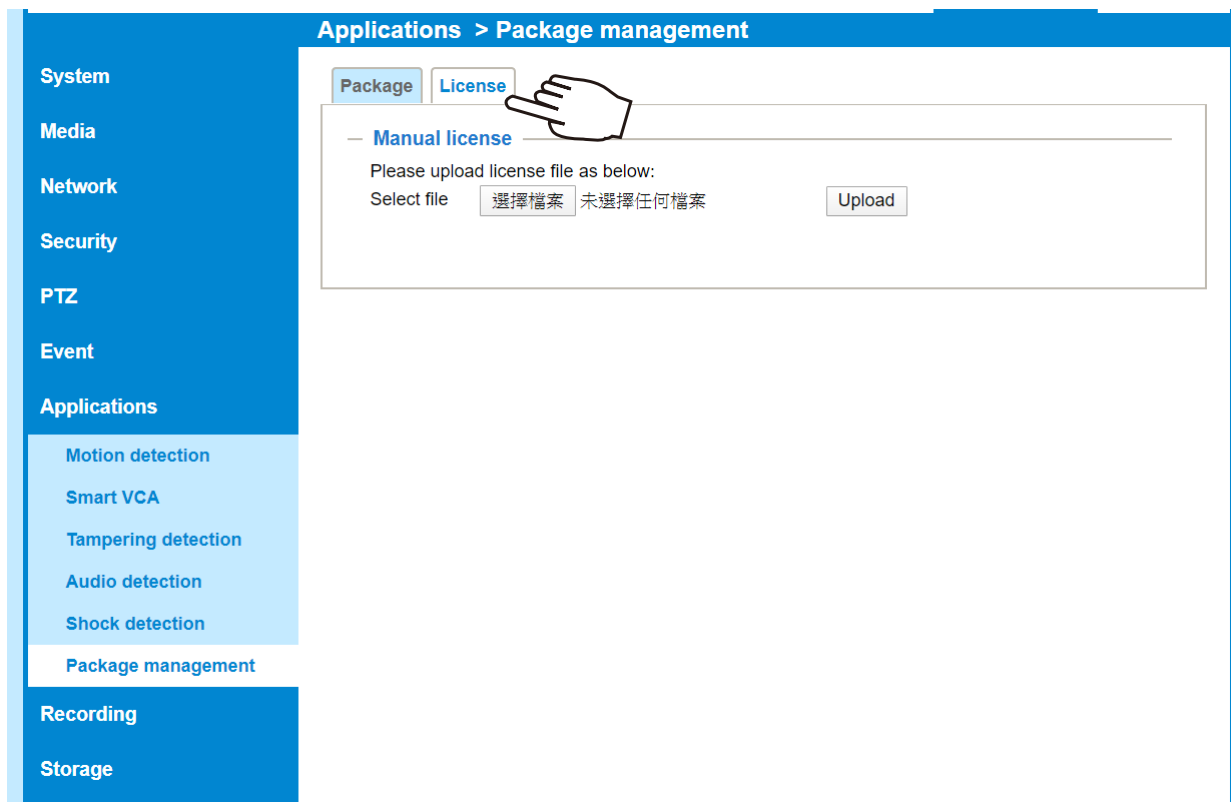


Manual Licensing:

1. Click on the License tab (on the web console to the camera) to open the License window.





2. On the License page, use the Browse and Upload buttons to upload the license.



3. On the Status page, you can see the license status is indicated as Pass.

Package list

Module name	Vendor	Version	Status	License	
<input type="radio"/> Deep Learning VCA	VIVOTEK	3.1.3.04028	ON	Pass	  

Backup

Stop

Reload

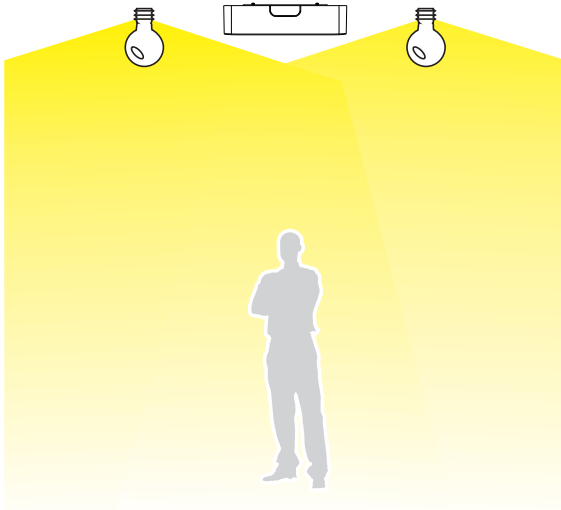
Restore

Start

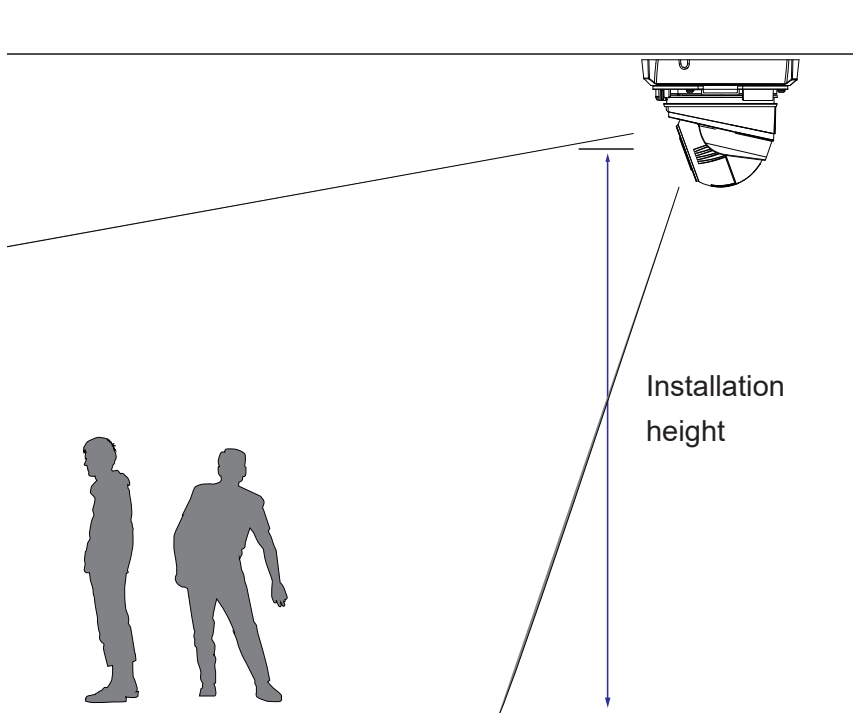
Considerations

Note the following when planning the camera installation:

1. The installation site must be adequately lighted for optimal accuracy with video detection. For example, a black bar in a shaded area may not be adequately detected.
2. In the night mode, configure a schedule profile for the different lighting condition. In the night mode, the VCA works if additional lighting is provided, e.g., using the on-board or external IR light. Avoid obstructions that can reflect IR lights back to the camera.



3. **IMPORTANT:** Make sure you measure the height of your camera. The height information is important for the accuracy of the video analytics results. Some of the other perspective information are automatically collected by the onboard G-sensor. The height information enables the horizontal and vertical keystone corrections of the field of view. Measure the distance between camera (ceiling where it is mounted) and the ground.



For bullet cameras or wall-mounted domes, measure the distance from the lower edge of the camera canister to the ground.

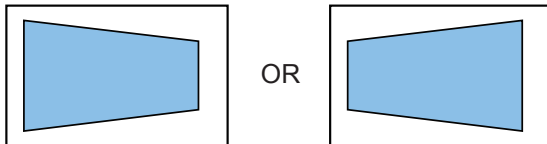


4. Because the horizontal and vertical keystone corrections are performed for an accurate detection, the height and tilt information of the camera must be correctly configured.

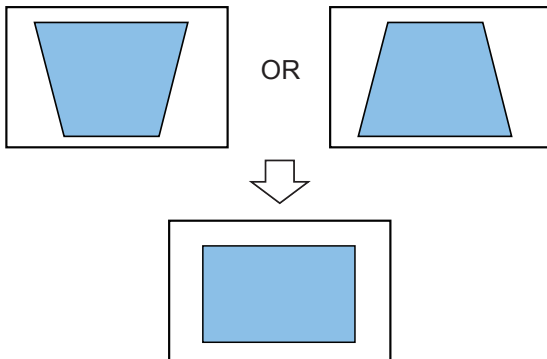
Use a laser distance meter to measure the installation height. The height information **MUST BE** correctly measured and entered in the camera's configuration page.

The fisheye cameras can also run the VCA feature and they **MUST NOT BE** mounted on a tilted ceiling, nor can they be installed on a wall. The camera **MUST BE** installed level on the ceiling. Enter 0 as the tilt angle in the configuration page.

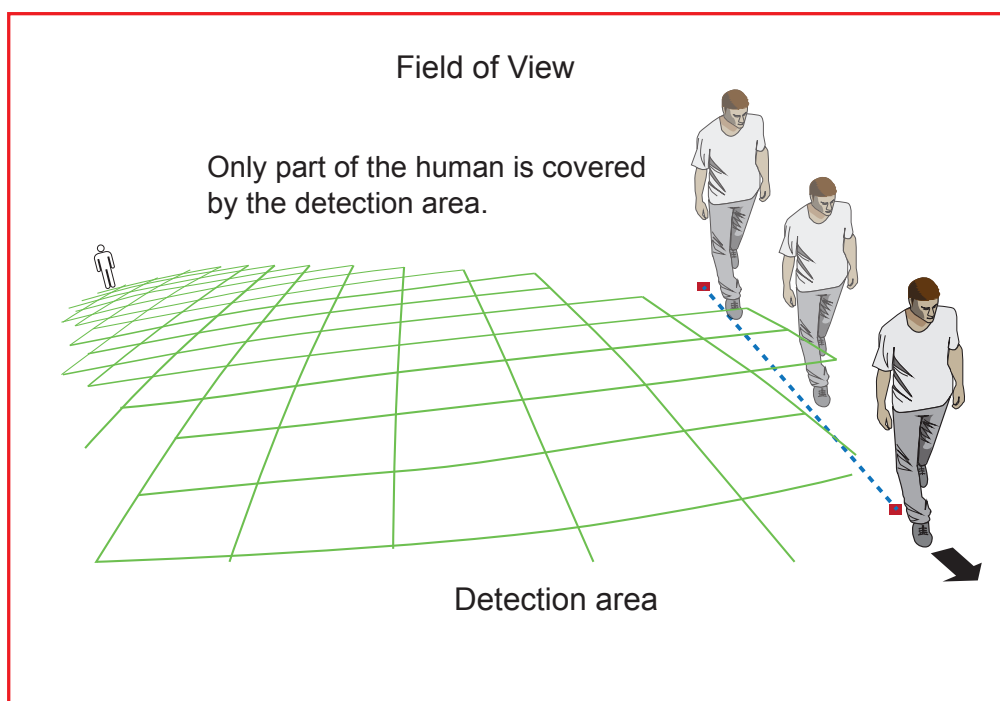
Horizontal keystone correction



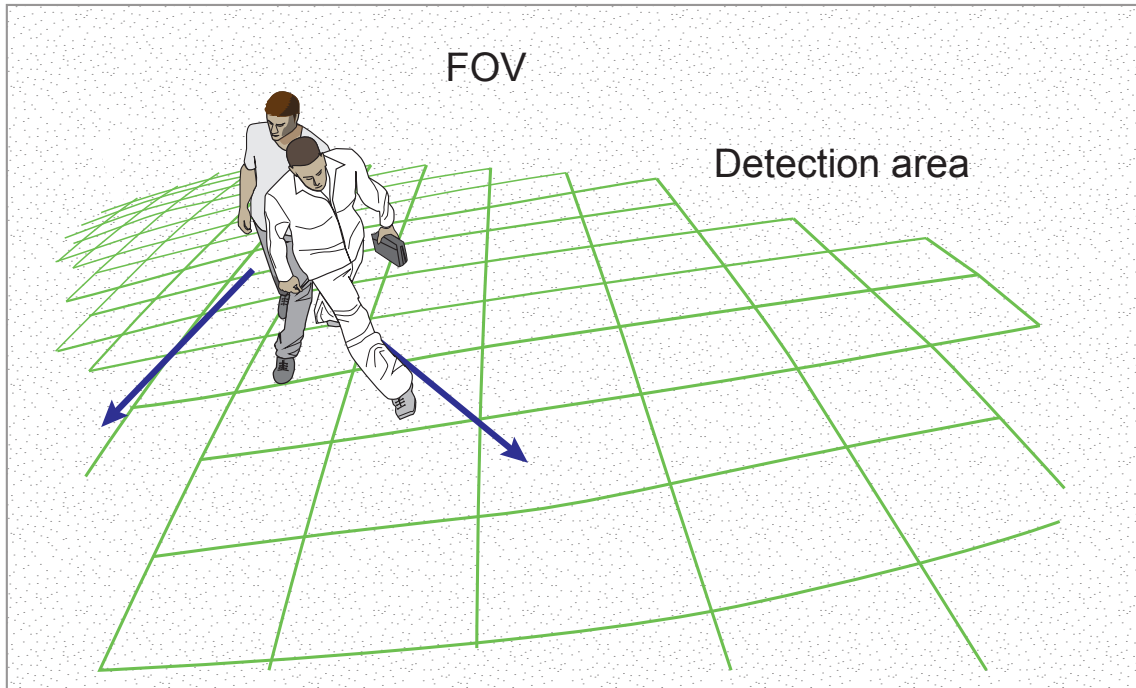
Vertical keystone correction



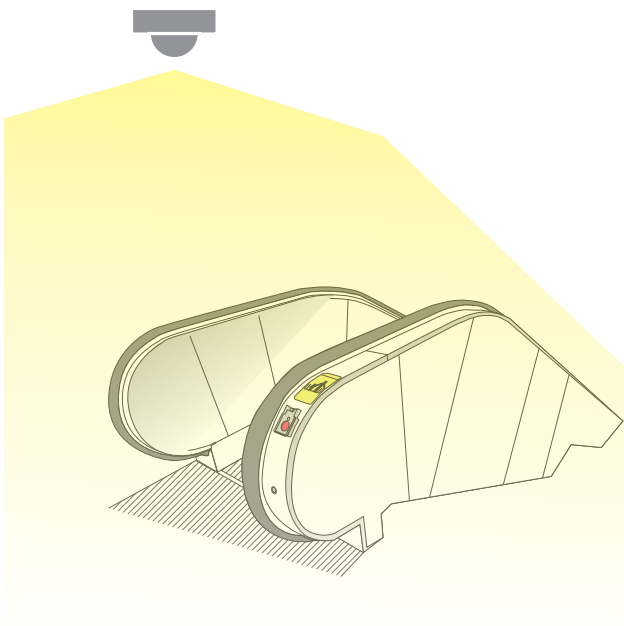
5. For effective detection, as long as a human silhouette is detected in the field of view, and his feet travelled through the People detection area, he can be detected. Due to the visual perspective of lens, sometimes the entire body may not be fully contained by the detection area.



- Due to the optic concave characteristics of a lens, men can be temporarily blocked behind other men. When a man's head-shoulder feature is concealed, he may not be detected for the short moment. The analytics is not designed for a very crowded area.



6. A man sitting, squated, or men lying on the floor may not be detected as a human, because his silhouette has been destroyed. Detection may also be affected when a human form is changed, e.g., a man's body is hidden behind a counter, or a man showing only the upper half of his body by leaning on a desk.
7. Unnecessary objects should be avoided. A door, a floating curtain, and moving objects such as an escalator can cause mistakes with the detection.



8. The Human detection takes effects with standing or moving objects or people. There is a limitation that the detection may not handle more than 15 people in the field. The field of view should not cover a slope or terraced structure.



9. Some other possible sources of interference may include: shadows on the wall, mirrored object image on the reflective surface.

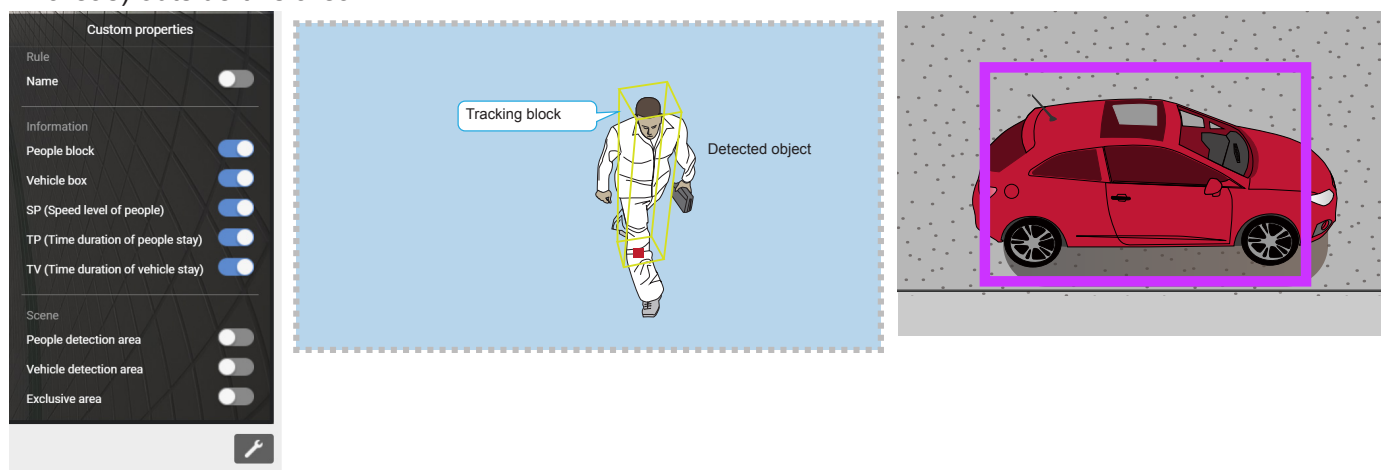


10. Small and distant objects may not be properly detected.
11. Detection accuracy can still be affected by severe weather, such as heavy rains.
12. Ensure the camera is properly mounted. Excessive vibration, such as that when mounted on a pole, can affect the detection accuracy.
13. If fast moving objects are expected, use a wider FOV to enable a longer observation time.
14. Contrast between the object and the background cannot be too low. A black car in a very shaded area may not be detected.
15. The camera has been moved or re-installed after the detection configuration.
16. Incorrect installation: the camera is too far away from the detection zone.

Basics:

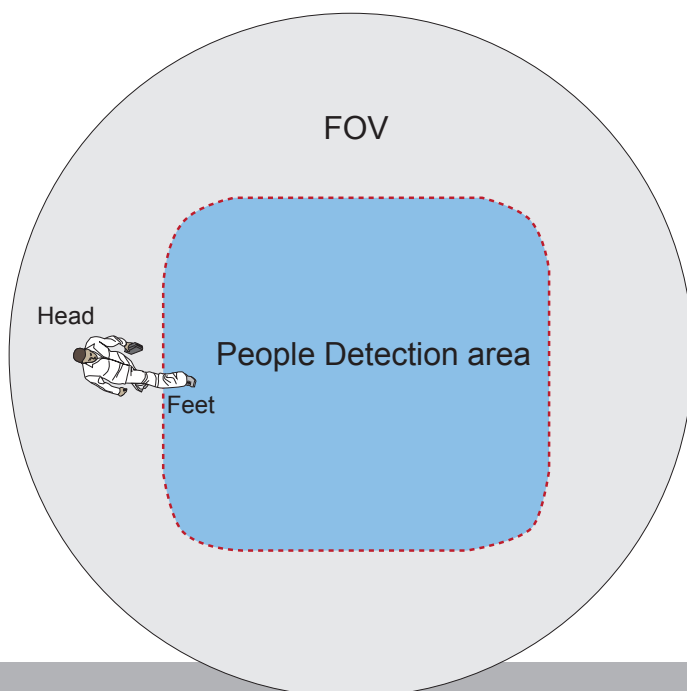
Responsive Elements

1. **Tracking block** : Tracking blocks are the cubic boxes to indicate the appearances of detected people. The tracking blocks include People block and Vehicle block.
2. **Exclusive Area** : You can create Exclusive areas on the FOV for areas that might affect the correctness of video analytics, or simply areas that are not related to your surveillance purpose.
3. **People \ Vehicle detection area** : Calculated automatically from the the camera's installation height and tilt/roll angles, the People detection area indicates the boundaries within which effective people activity detection can occur. You should not configure rules (cross lines or areas) outside this area.



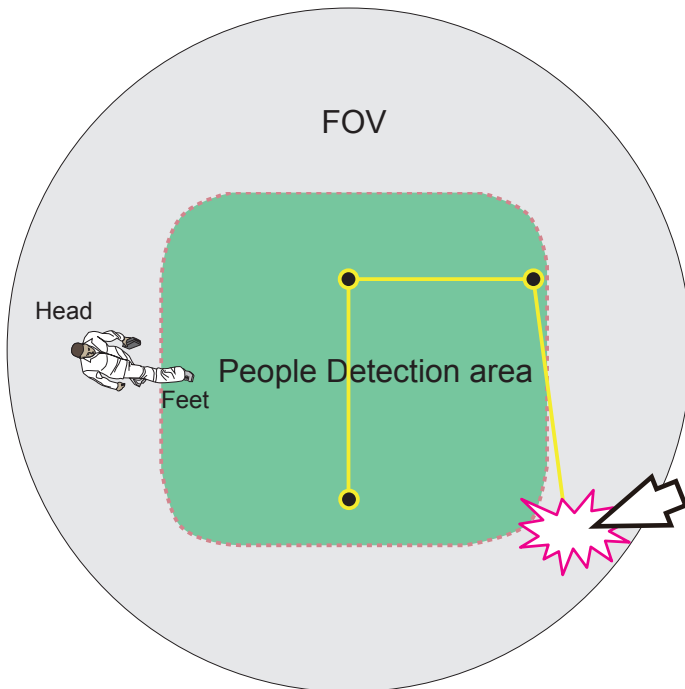
Due to the visual perspectives of the camera mounted on top, a person enters the scene from the edge of the FOV with his feet appearing first, and then his/her head later. Only until he/she comes to a place within the perimeter of the detection area, the head and feet positions can be aligned. A person's feet are detected first, and if a detection area is configured too close to the border, a person may not be appropriately recognized when his/her entire body profile has not entered the detection area.

People crossing the non-Detection area may not be properly recognized by the Deep Learning VCA detection.



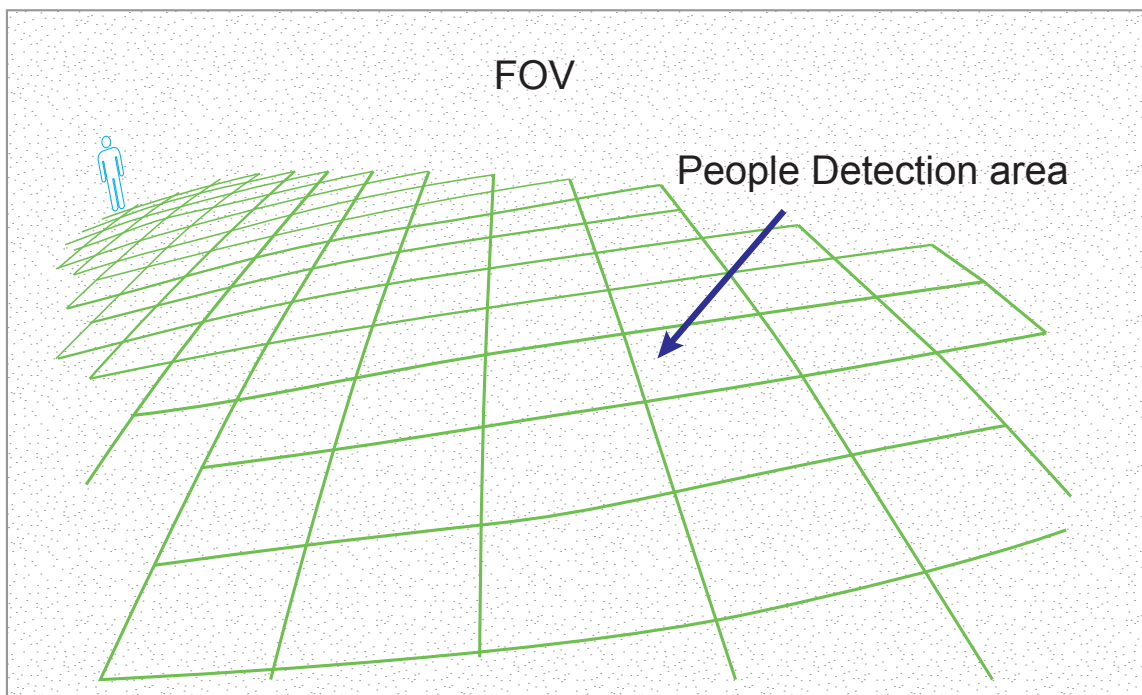
When you are configuring a detection rule related to people detection (e.g., Intrusion, Loitering, or Line crossing), you can not place a border point outside the People Detection area. The VCA invalidates any clicks outside the area.

The Detection area of fisheye camera running a Deep Learning VCA package is shown below.



The Vehicle detection area is slightly different using a different object analysis algorithm.

For a fixed dome or bullet camera, a simulated floor level (People Detection area) is displayed on a VCA configuration screen. The VCA detection zones must be configured to have men walking through this area (their feet within the area).



4. **TP (Time duration of people stay)** : When a rule is violated, e.g., a man stays in a loitering zone for long enough, this time duration will display.
5. **TV (Time duration of vehicle stay)**: When a parking violation state is triggered, the time duration will display. Note that the time duration will not display for vehicles passing by.
6. **Display**: It is recommended you select a video stream your client side is using for live viewing. Otherwise, the subject camera will have to deliver another video stream, e.g., Stream 1 + Stream 2, causing increased loading on the camera.

If streaming 1 is 5MP full resolution at 30fps, used for video recording. You configured VCA package to be using stream 3 full HD 30 fps, the camera SoC codec will have to handle stream 1 5MP 30fps + stream 3 full HD 30fps. It is therefore recommended to use the same stream for viewing, recording, and VCA analytics.

Configuration:

1. Open a web console to the camera. Enter the **Configuration > Applications > Package management** page. Click on **package** to open the monitoring and configuration page. You can also access the feature through **Configuration > Applications > .**

The screenshot displays the VIVOTEK web interface for Package management. The sidebar on the left lists various system functions, with 'Applications' expanded to show 'Package management'. The main panel has tabs for 'Status' and 'License'. Under 'Upload package', there is a 'Select file' button and an 'Upload' button. The 'Resource status' section includes expandable details for CPU, Storage, and Memory. The 'Package list' section features a table with the following data:

	Package name	Vendor	Version	Status	License	
<input type="radio"/>	Trend Micro IoT Security	VIVOTEK	1.2b.a1.4.1	Installed	N/A	
<input type="radio"/>	Deep Learning VCA	VIVOTEK	6.1.11	ON	Pass	

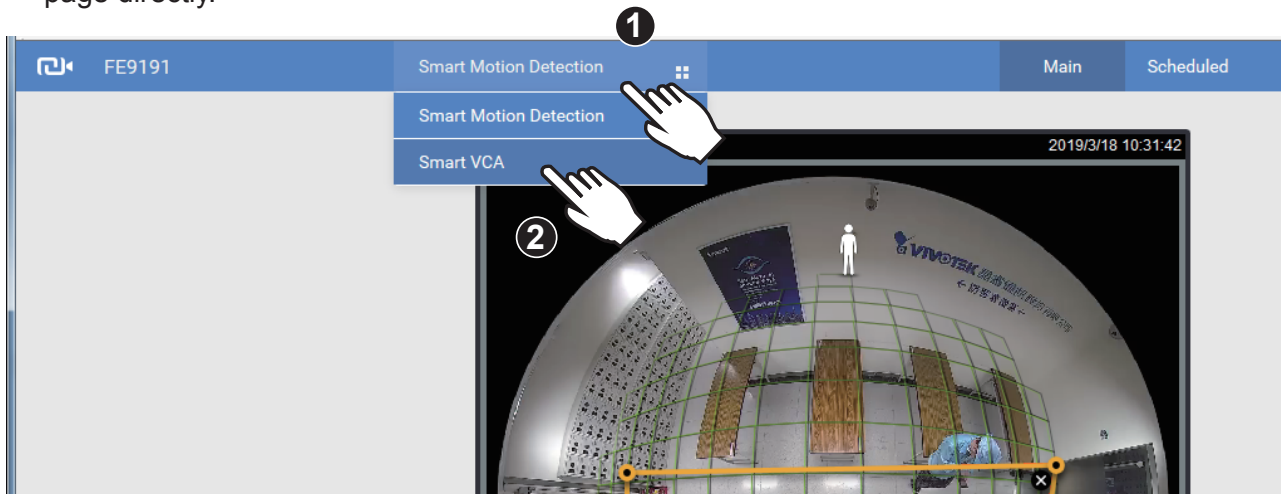
Below the table are buttons for 'Start', 'Stop', and 'Schedule'.




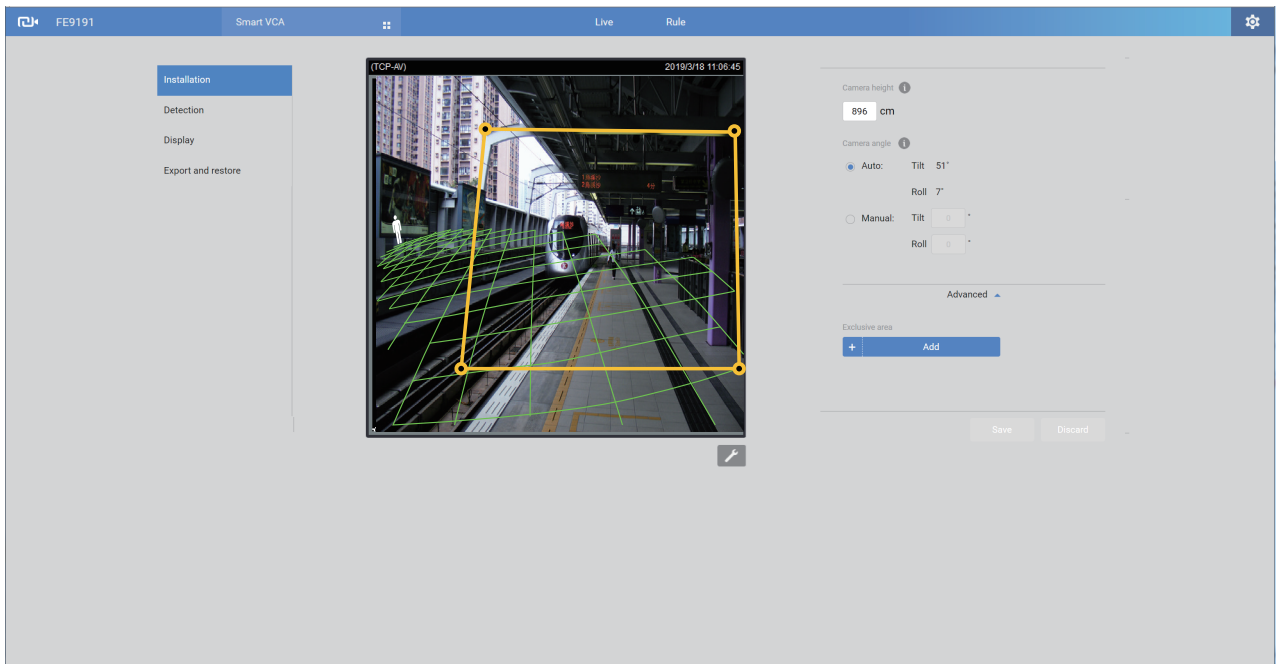
NOTE:

After you upload a software license for the VCA package, please stop and re-start the VCA package for the licensing to take effect.

2. The utility defaults to the Main page. Click on the Smart Motion Detection tab on top. Click **Deep Learning VCA** to proceed. If entering from the Smart Motion detection link, you will enter the Main page. If entering from the Deep Learning VCA link, you will enter the Deep Learning VCA page directly.

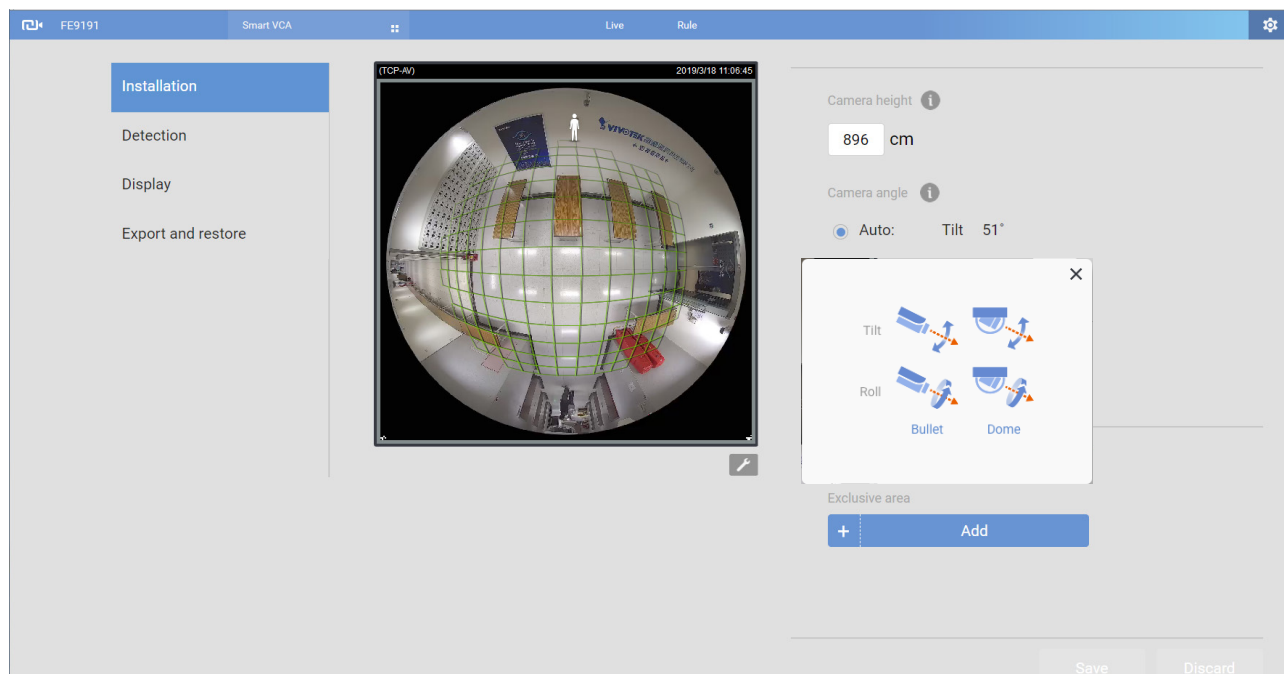


3. Click on the Settings  button on the upper-right corner to enter the Settings page.

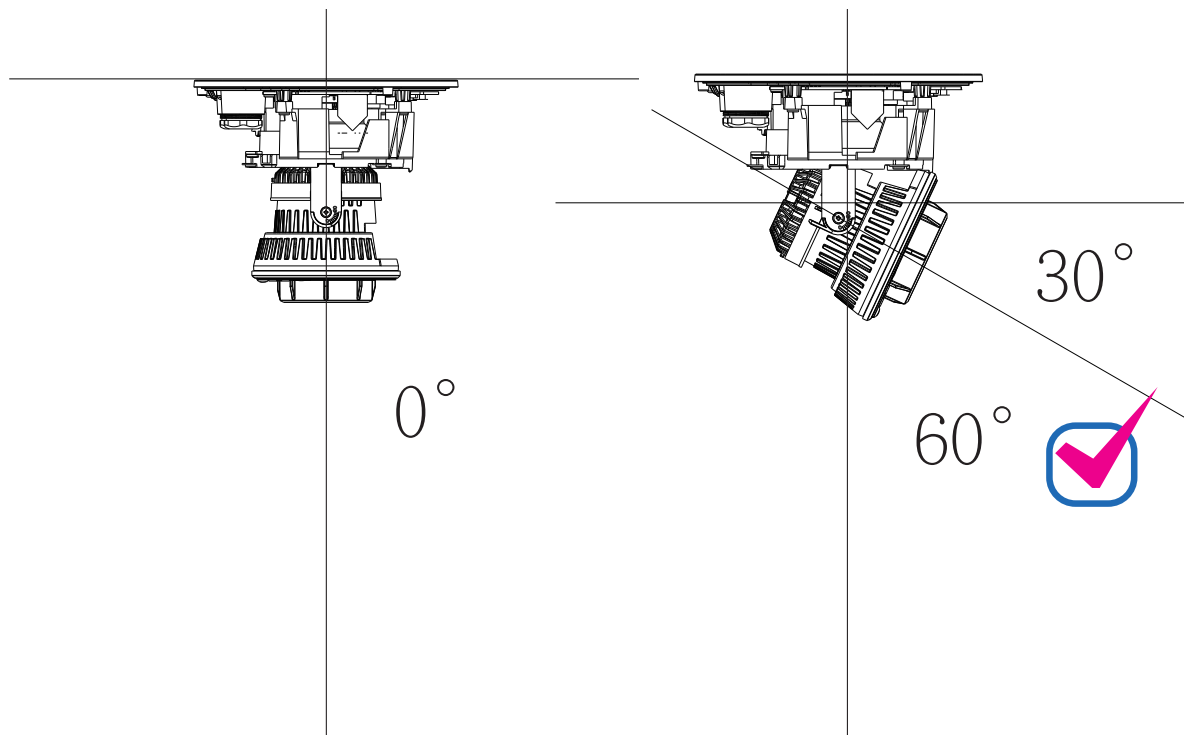


4. Enter the correct installation height. Please select the Auto mode for the camera to automatically acquire the shooting angles (Tilt and Roll). Users are not suggested to use the Manual mode to configure the tilt and roll angles.

If using models that are not equipped with a G sensor, you can manually enter the tilt and roll angles. When done, click the Save button.




Note that the tilt angle correlates to the absolute downward direction. If a camera is installed on a ceiling, and its lens points straight downward, its tilt angle is 0 degree. If your camera lens is tilted, enter the angle related to the vertical line, e.g., 60° as shown below.




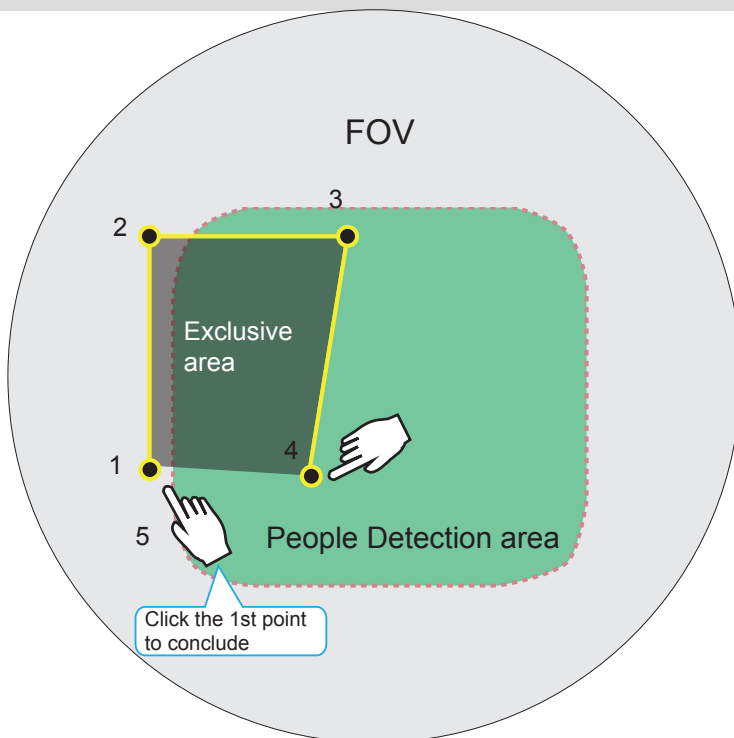
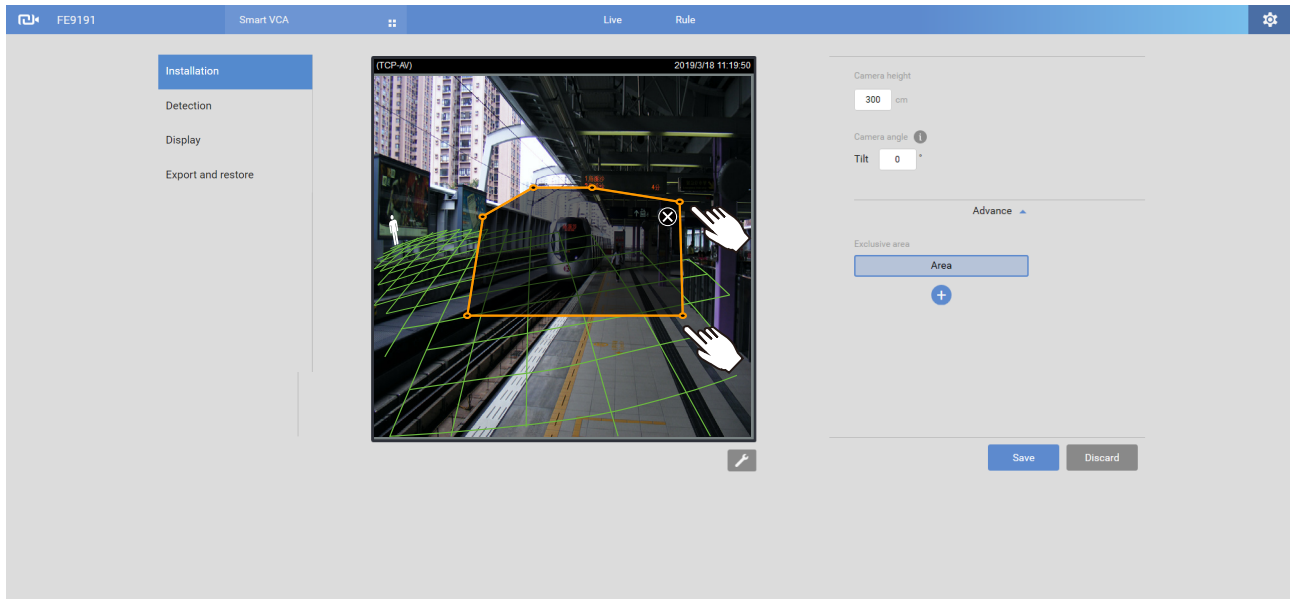
The roll angle is one that refers to the horizontal level line.

Exclusive Areas

Click the Add area button  to add an Exclusive area. Sometimes there are non-related elements in your field of view, such as a white wall where no one can walk on it or a fish pond with reflective water surface. You can add exclusive areas to block out the unnecessary elements in scene.

To create Exclusive areas, use mouse clicks on the screen to draw polygons. Click Save to preserve your settings. Up to 20 clicks can be used. A minimum of 3 clicks are required for an exclusive area. You can also double-click to conclude an area.

To delete an area, click the cross sign  on the area.

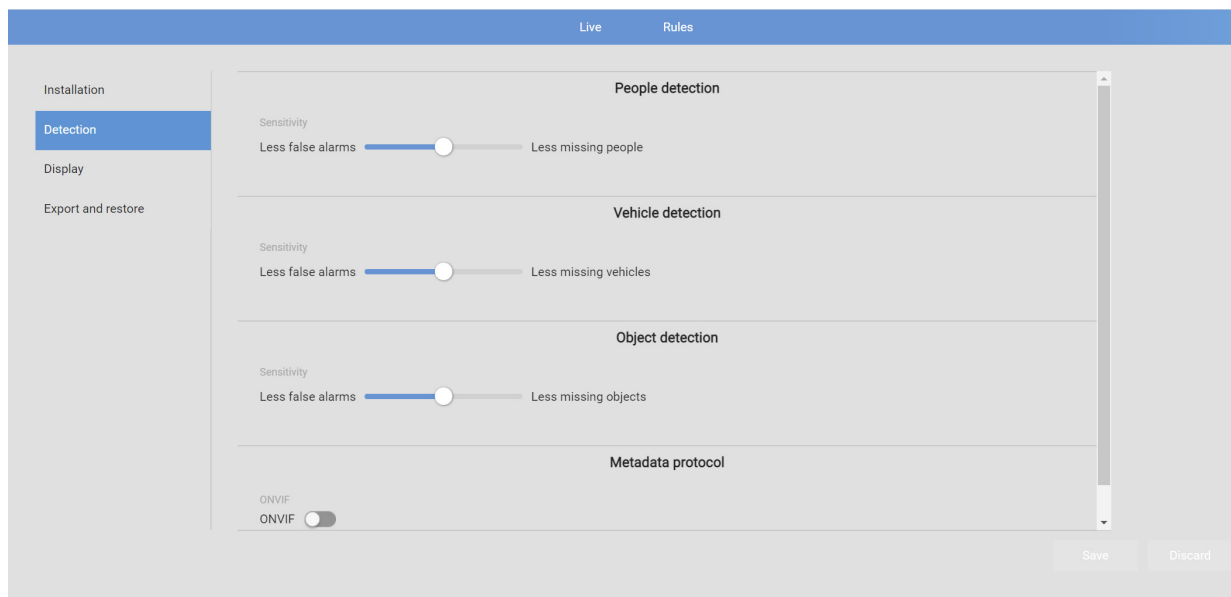


NOTE:

An Exclusive area can be placed outside of the People detection area.

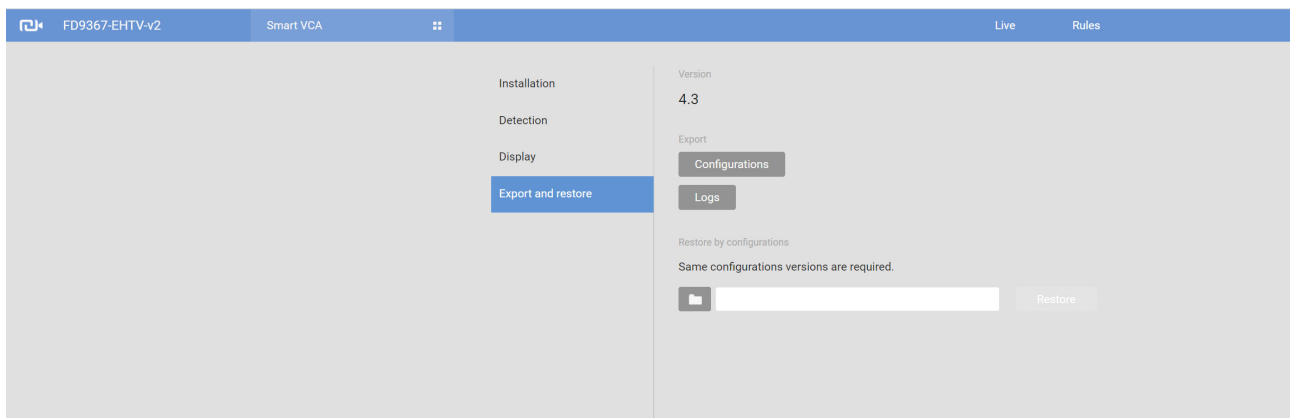
5. When done, click **Save** to preserve your settings.

6. The **Settings** page also provides the generic tuning options. Refer to the following pages for configuration details. Note the Smart Motion detection and VCA share the same Sensitivity parameters.




The **ONVIF** option is selected when you need to display detection details on 3rd-party software, such as Milestones. The metadata is sent to the VMS using the ONVIF protocols.

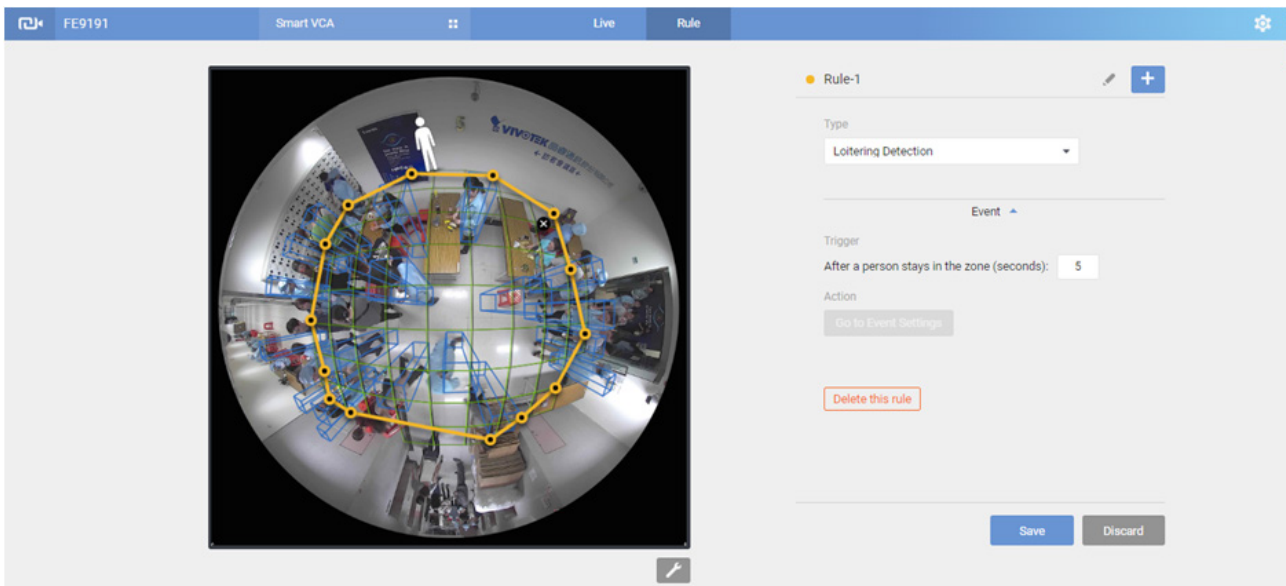
The **Export & restore** page can be used to save your configuration as a file. In some cases, your configuration can be repeatedly used at different locations. For example, when you install many cameras at the doors of train carts, you can use one configuration. Since their positions are identical, one configuration file will apply to all.



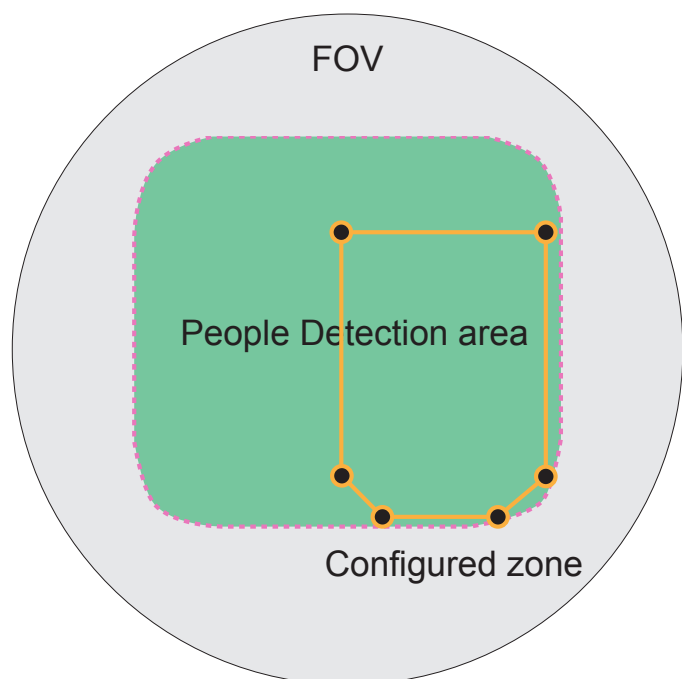
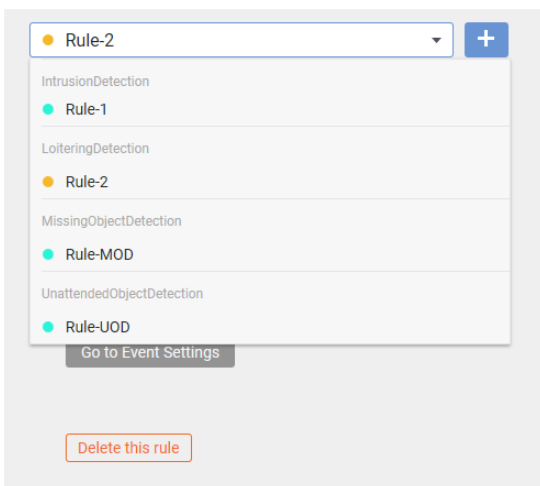
You can also export system logs for debug purposes or detail examination.

7. Click on the **Rules** tab to configure your detection rules.

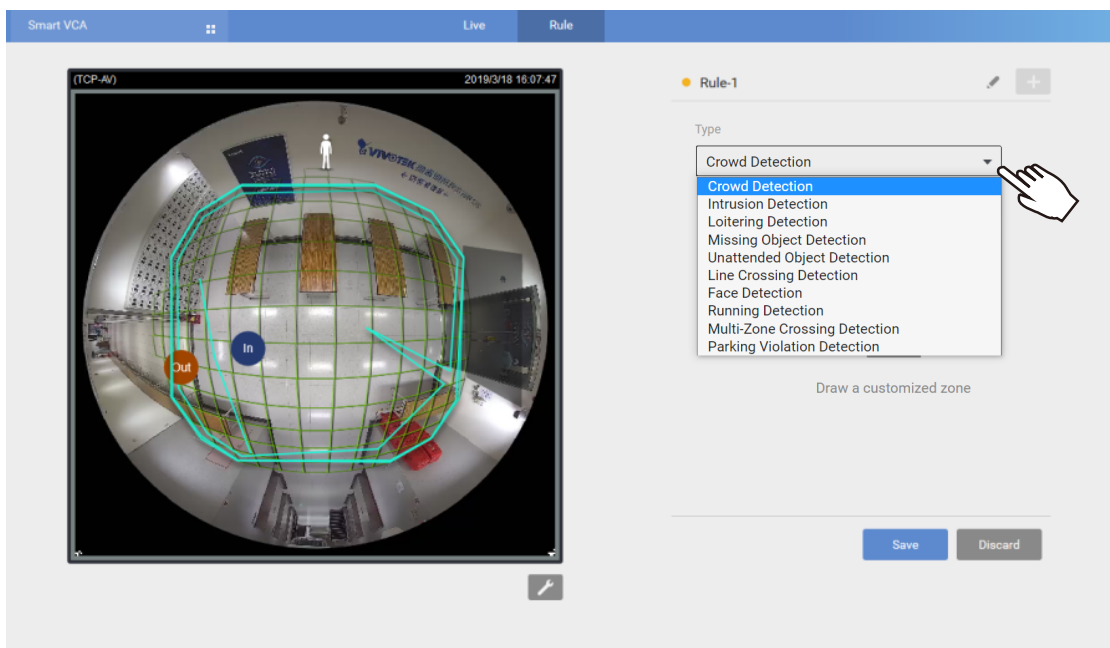
Use the **Add rule** button  to configure a new rule. This button will be disabled if all 5 rules have been created.



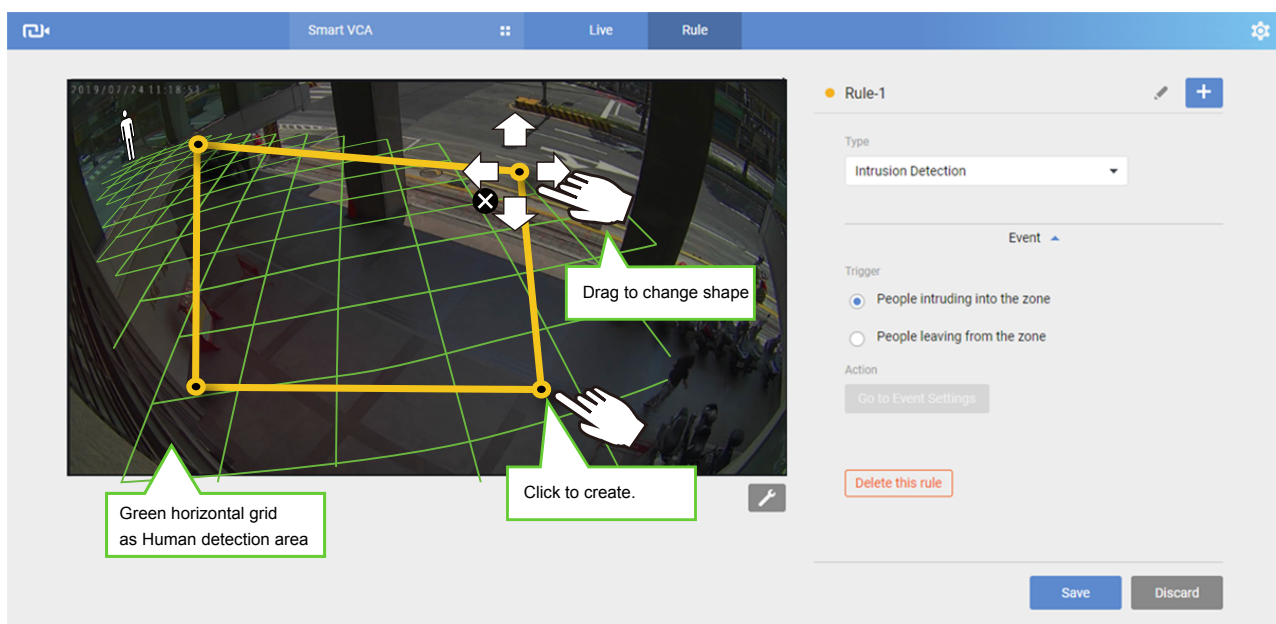
If there are existing rules, they can be found from the pull-down menu. You may also click the specific detection zone on screen. A selected zone (rule) will have its border points highlighted.



8. Select from the pull-down menu the type of VCA detection features you want to configure.



9. Click on the streaming window to create a detection zone in which you want the detection feature to take effect. You can use up to 20 clicks to create border points.

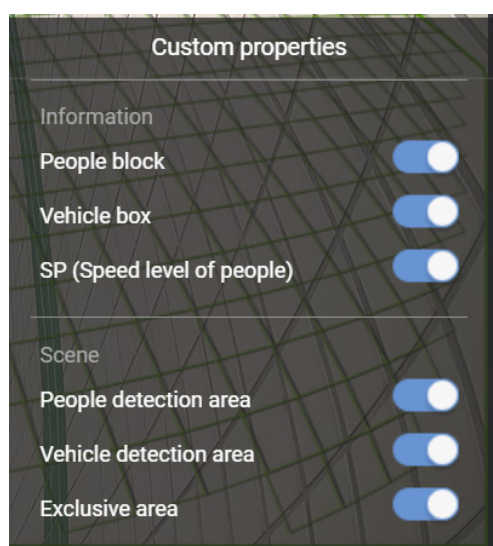


Change the coverage area of the window by dragging the border points. Note that the coverage area should be within the People detection area. The People detection area is indicated by the red, dotted line.

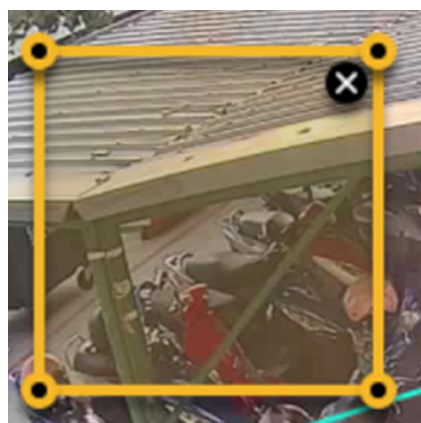
The display elements can be configured in the **Custom properties** pane:

- * **Name**: The name of the VCA rule.
- * **People / Vehicle block**: The vertical bounding box surrounding a standing or walking human form. The vehicle block is a color square.
- * **SP (Speed level of people)**: The speed level of people travelling through.
- * **T(Time duration of stay)**: The calculated duration of stay of the detected vehicle or people in scene.
- * **Exclusive Area**: Displays the Exclusive area(s) you created in the Settings page.
- * **People detection area**: The green horizontal grid mesh is automatically generated according to the camera's FOV, installation height, tilt, and roll angles. It is designed to indicate the area where the effective people detection can take effect. Place your detection window within the green grid (those for Intrusion, Loitering, and Line crossing detection).


The approximate distance between any two of the green lines is 1 meter. The height of the little white man on the upper left of the grid is approximately 1.7m.

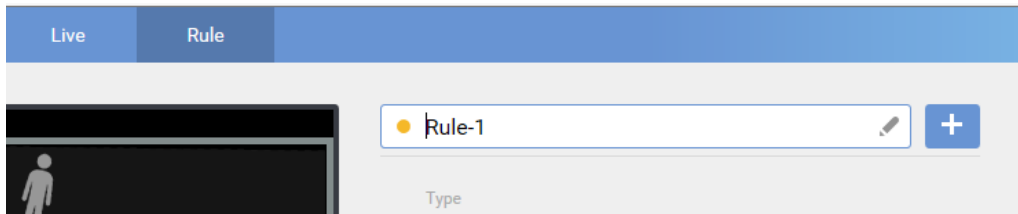


To remove an existing window, select and click on the **X** mark. A confirm box will prompt for the deletion of the window.



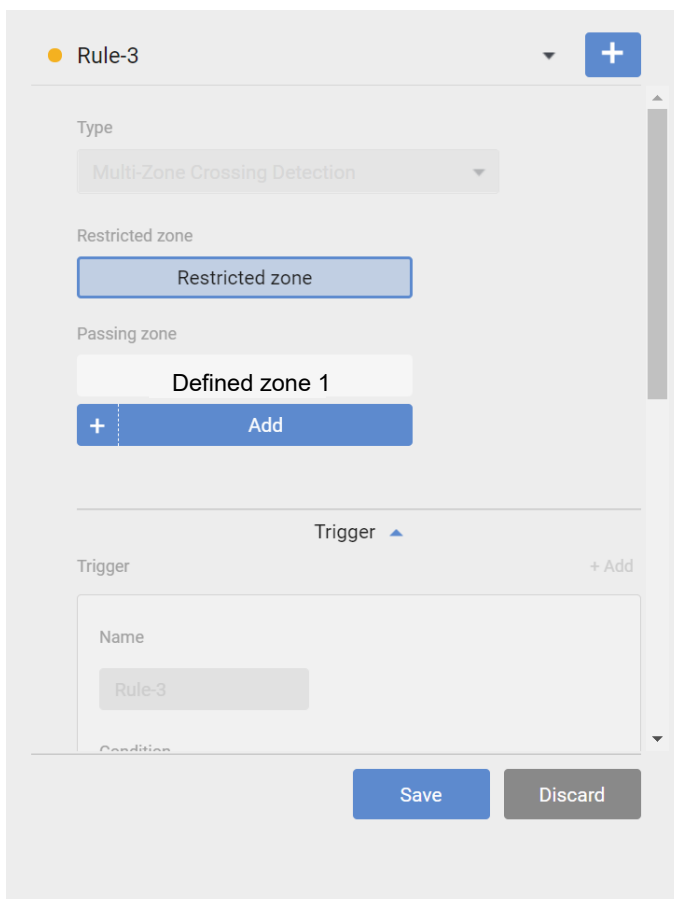
- 10.** Configure the related parameters for the individual Deep Learning VCA functionality you selected.

Click the pencil button  to enter a name for the Deep Learning VCA rule, e.g., Loitering detection, building A. Up to 64 alpha-numeric characters are allowed.



Configuration for Individual VCA Features:

1. Restricted Zone:



Restricted zone:

Click on the screen to draw a restricted zone.

Defined zone 1 and/or 2:

Use clicks on the screen to draw one or two defined zones. People must pass through 1 zone and then enter the Restricted zone to trigger an event.

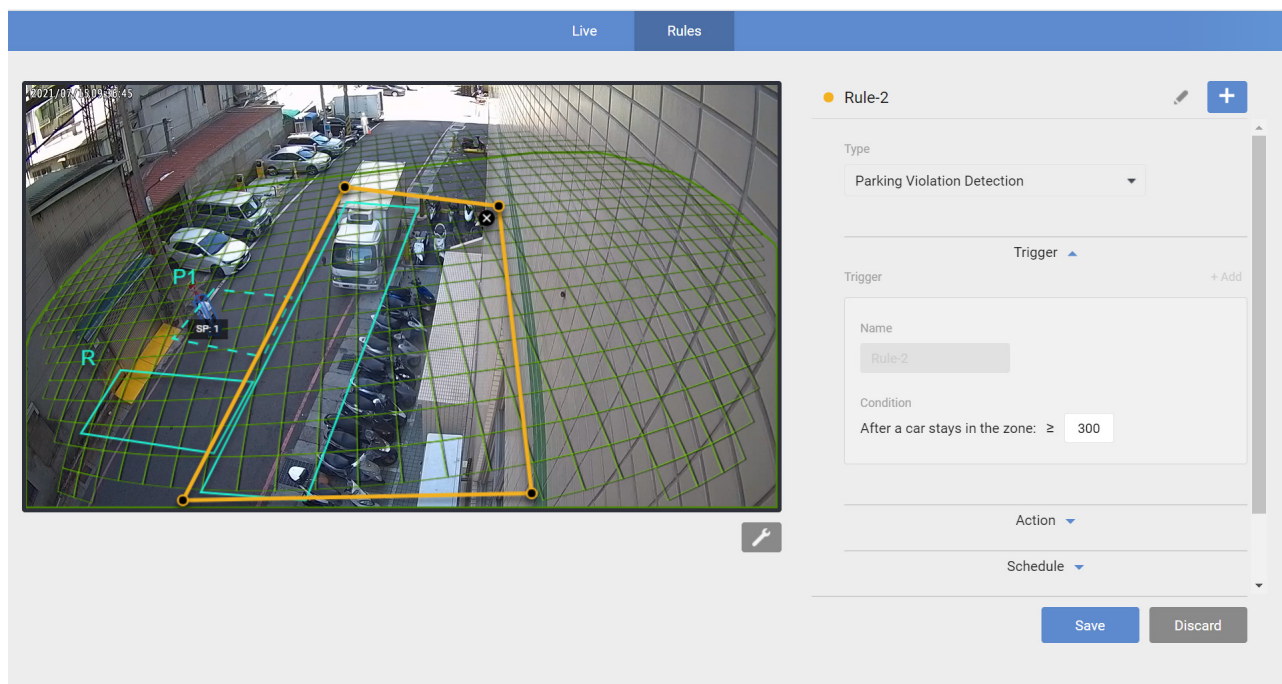
Before a people enters the Restricted Zone, the person

also crosses the Defined Zone: This determines the direction to trigger an event. One passes 1 zone and then enters the Restricted Zone to trigger an event.

does NOT cross any Defined Zone:

This option is the contrary. Someone enters the Restricted zone will trigger an alarm, while someone enters 1 defined zone first, and then enters the Restricted zone will not trigger the alarm. [Please refer to the feature introduction on page 10.](#)

2. Parking Violation detection:



The screenshot displays the VIVOTEK software interface. On the left, a live camera feed shows a street scene with a green grid overlay. A yellow rectangle labeled 'R' and a blue rectangle labeled 'P1' are drawn on the grid. A white van is parked in the blue rectangle. On the right, the 'Rules' tab is active, showing 'Rule-2' configuration. The 'Type' is 'Parking Violation Detection'. The 'Trigger' section shows the condition 'After a car stays in the zone: ≥ 300'. The 'Action' and 'Schedule' sections are currently empty. 'Save' and 'Discard' buttons are at the bottom right.

Live Rules

0021/07/20 10:36:45

P1

R

SP-1

Rule-2

Type

Parking Violation Detection

Trigger

Trigger

+ Add

Name

Rule-2

Condition

After a car stays in the zone: ≥ 300

Action

Schedule

Save Discard

Click on the screen to draw a non-parking zone.

After a car stays in the zone: \geq xxx seconds. Enter a number to be the duration of time for a car to stay before triggering an event.

Action, Schedule: See the following pages for the configuration. Click Save to preserve your settings.

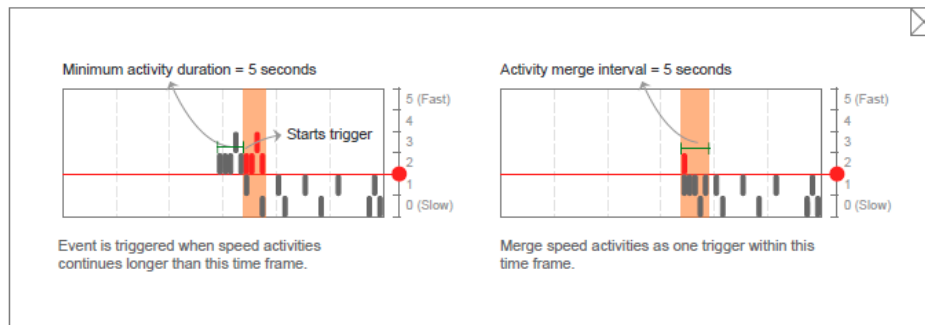
Minimum activity duration (seconds):

Select a duration of running time to trigger an event (normally 1) when people run in the scene.

Activity merge interval (seconds):

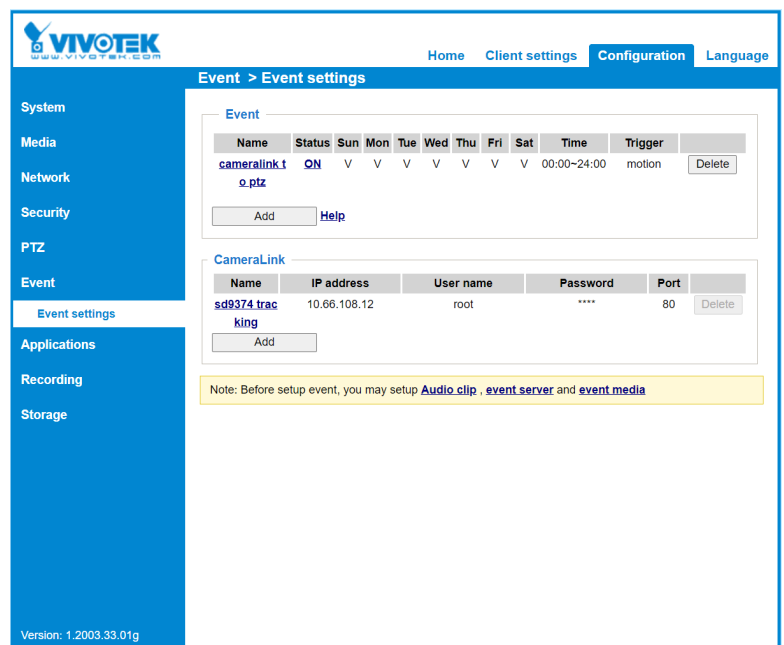
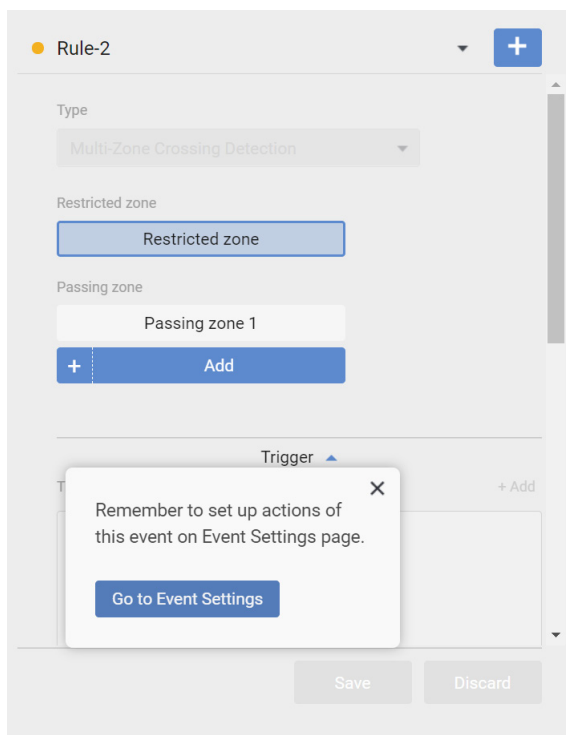
This number is used to merge 2 activities when someone runs, stops, and runs again. If someone runs and stops for shorter than 1 second, and runs again, the whole process will be considered as 1 event.

Tutorial (time filter)



11. Click **Save** to preserve your settings. Click on the **Live** tab to check the performance and accuracy of your detection rules.

If you want to send the event trigger notifications via Email, FTP, HTTP, or to the networked storage, click the **Go to Event Settings** button. Refer to later discussion for how to receive interactive notifications on the **VAST** software.

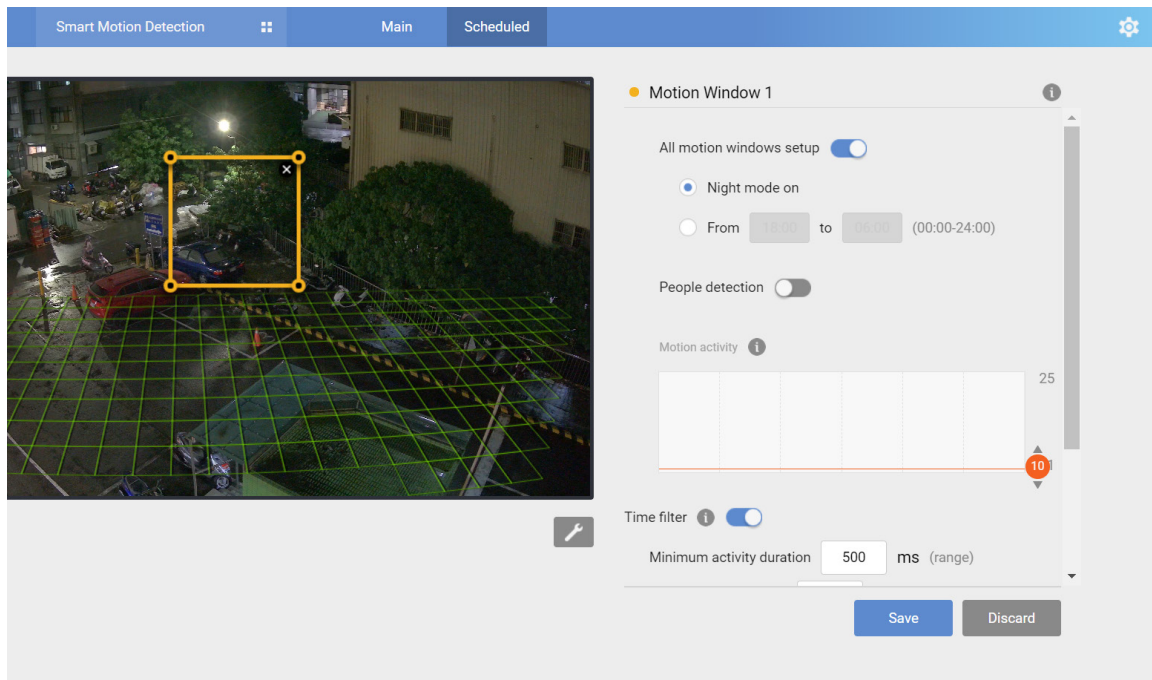


12. Schedule

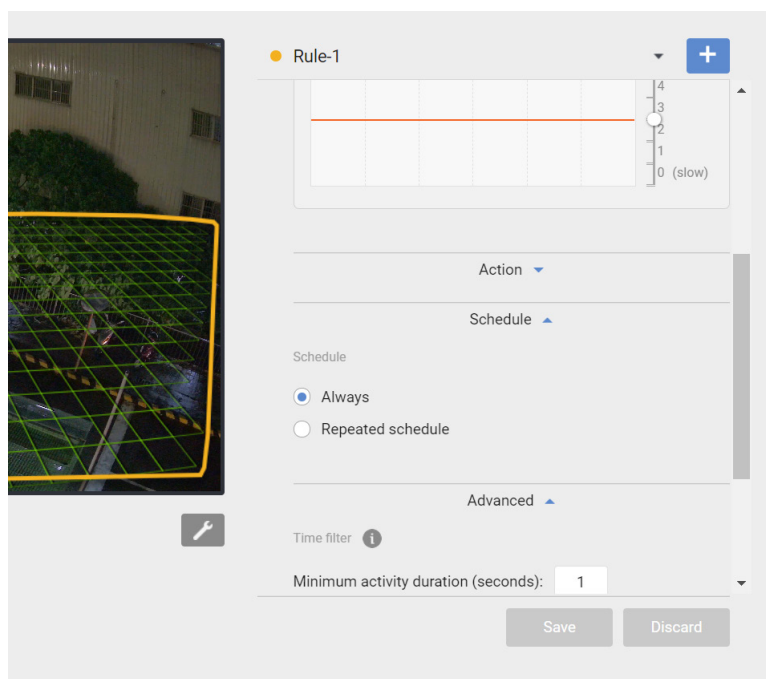
You can select to enable a Night mode to accommodate different lighting conditions in the day and night scenes. If the need should arise, you can specify the duration of the night mode.

For Smart Motion, the Schedule settings can be found in the **Scheduled** tab windows.

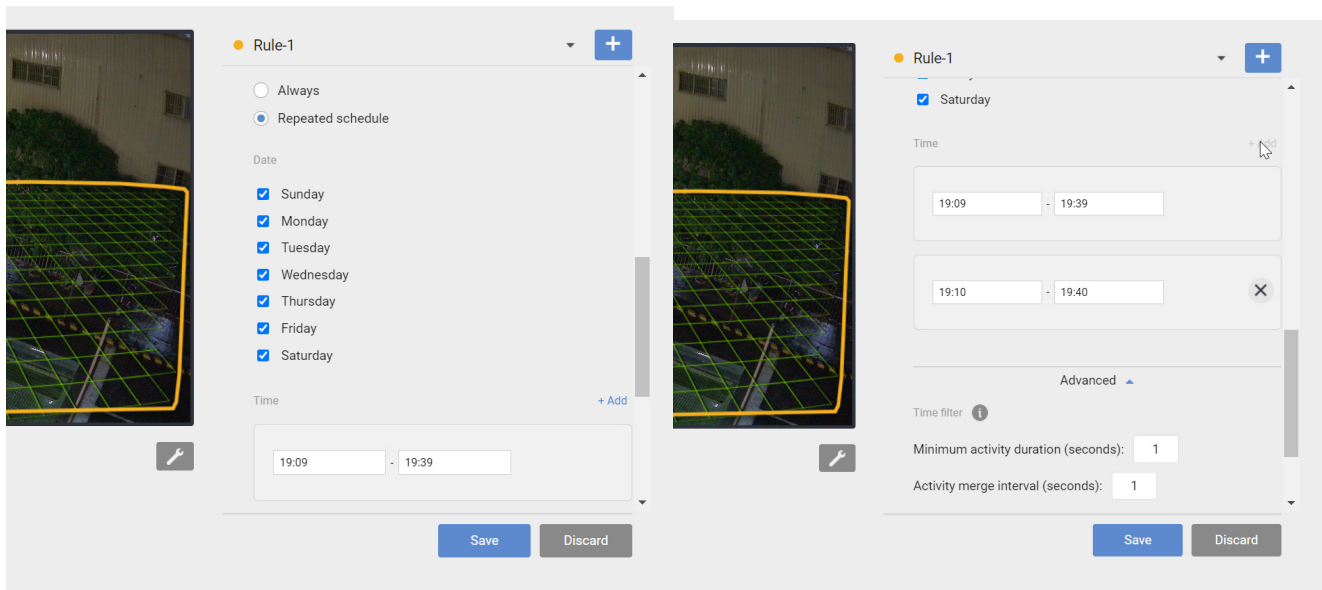
For Deep Learning VCA rules, the schedule settings can be found in the individual Rule configuration windows.



When configuring a detection rule, you can select the Repeated schedule check circle. The default is Always.

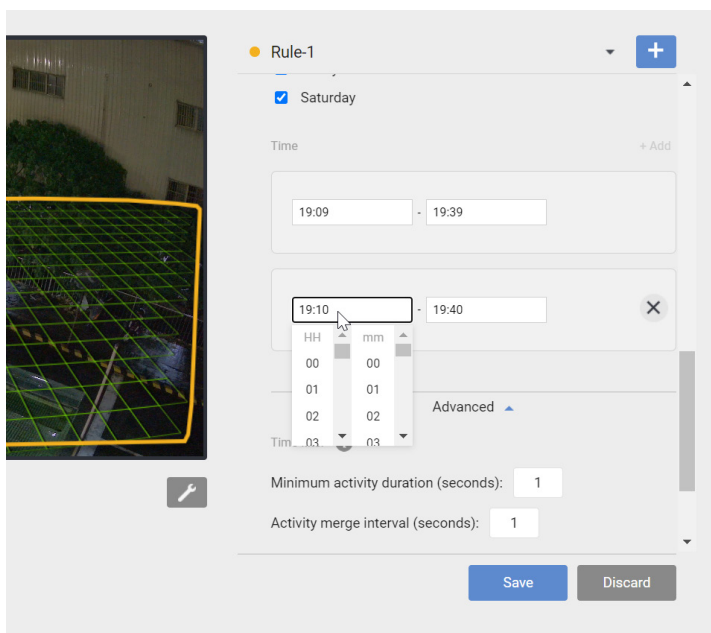


On the Repeated schedule pane, you can select the days for the rule to take effect within a week. You can define the period of time for the effective schedule.

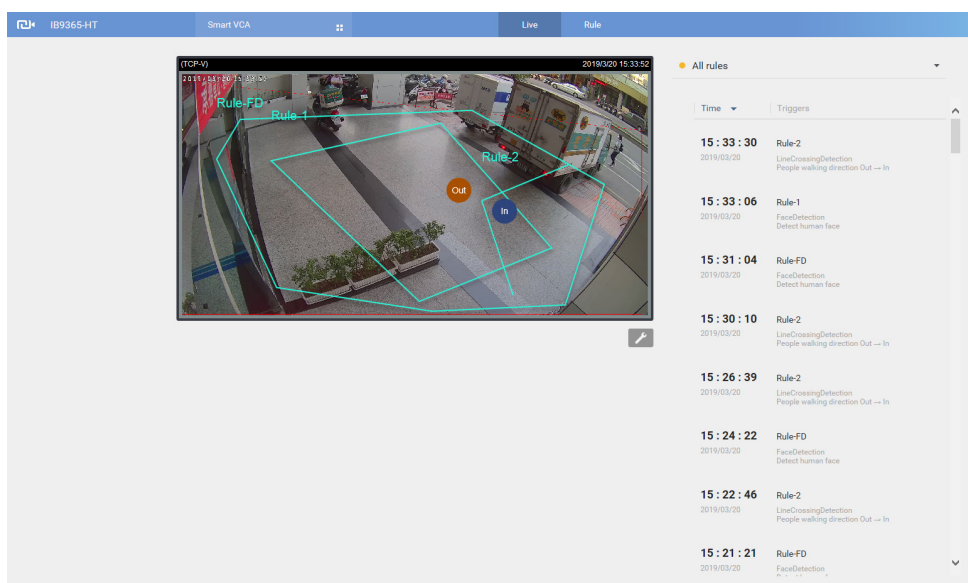


Use the pull-down menus to select the beginning and the end time. The detection rule will take effect during these periods of time.

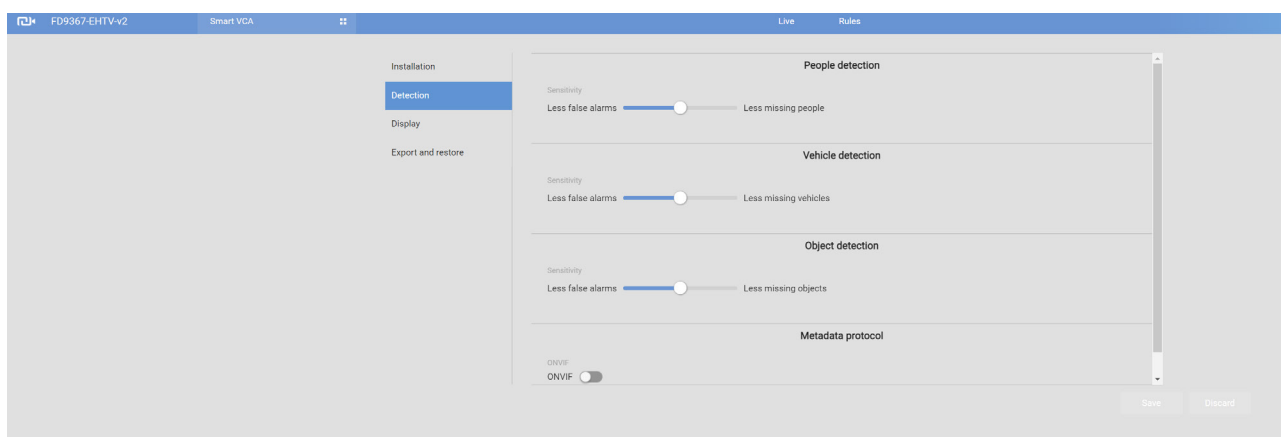
Up to 2 time spans can be configured for each detection rule. 1 or 2 time spans are available depending on the detection rule types.



13. The VCA detection results appear immediately on screen (depending on the activities and inputs in the scene).



You may need to enter **Settings > Detection** to tune the VCA sensitivity settings if detection does not perform as your expectation. Note that these Sensitivity parameters are shared between Deep Learning VCA and Smart Motion detection. For viewing Motion cell vectors, you need to turn on Smart Motion window to adjust the sensitivity.



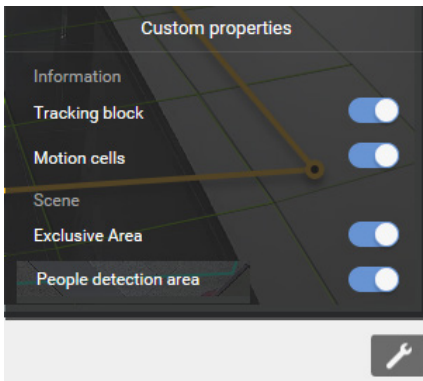
- **People detection, Vehicle detection, Object detection:** In real-world applications, the effectiveness of VCA detection can be affected by the following:
 - Fast moving, running in the scene,
 - Linger at the edges of FOV,
 - People crouching or crawling.

In such situations, users can consider tuning the sensitivity towards "**Less missing objects**," or vehicle, people.

On the contrary, if tuned towards "Less false alarms," the detection algorithm will apply more strictly human or vehicle silhouette matching. In some situations, such as when a man crouches down to pick up an object, he will be temporarily undetected.

The following is available in the Smart Motion detection window:

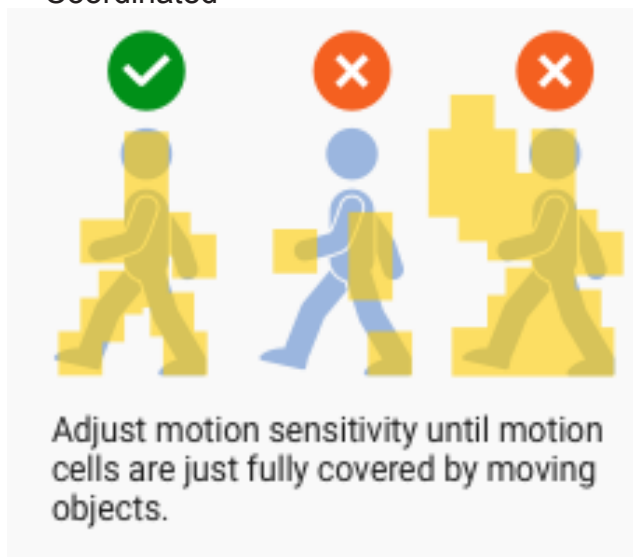
Click on the Tools button at the lower-right of the streaming window for the display options.



- **Show Motion Cells:** Displays the motion cells around a moving object.

13-1. Observe the human traffic on screen and tune the sensitivity until the motion cells match the human figures on screen. If you aim to detect larger objects, such as vehicles, the same applies. Tune the sensitivity so that the appearance of motion cells better coordinates the appearance of the objects of your interest.

Coordinated cells too few excessive cells



A real-world view of excessive motion cells is shown below. The higher the sensitivity, the higher the chance of generating more motion cells.

Shown below is the comparison of the same object detected through different sensitivity levels. At the sensitivity level 90, excessive motion cells can be observed; while at level 30, the detection ends up with insufficient motion cells.

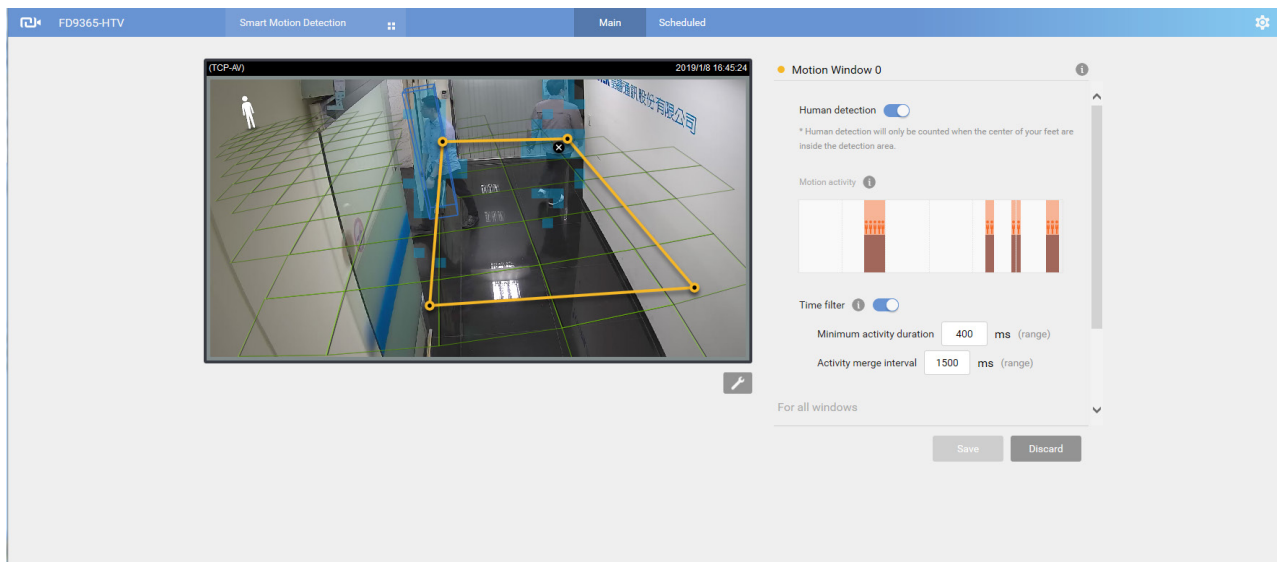
Sensitivity: 90



Sensitivity: 30



With a live view, you can observe the effectiveness of People detection on screen.

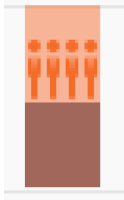


Tune the following if the need should arise.

Motion sensitivity: Use the slide bar to change the sensitivity. Default is 70%.

People detection: Use this slide tab to enable or disable the People detection feature. When People detection is disabled, different configuration options will appear.

Motion activity: The detected human activities is displayed on a 1-minute time line. The consecutive 4 standing man icons indicate a detected presence persisted for 4 seconds.



Note that when watching the activities, the Motion activity displays for a selected window. If you have multiple detection windows, and a window is currently not selected on screen, its activities do not display.

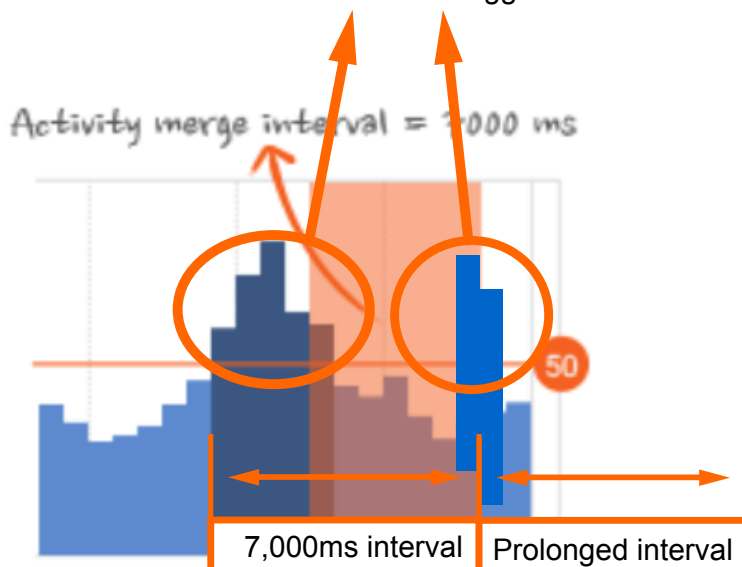
When activities occur, and the window is triggered, the window will be highlighted by turning the frame into red.

Time filter:

Minimum activity duration: A human activity (or moving objects) must persist for longer than this duration to be considered an effective trigger. This aims to avoid the situation when one enters and leaves the scene very quickly.

Activity merge interval: Setting this interval aims to avoid the stop-and-move maneuver by some thieves. The activities occurred during this duration is considered as one trigger. If activities occur before the end of the interval, the interval will be prolonged, e.g., 7 + 7 seconds.

If activities occur before the end of this interval, the inconsecutive actions will be considered as one trigger.



Below are the statuses of the VCA rule detection polygons (zones):

Normal

Motion window (normal)



Selected by a mouse click. You can click on the delete button to remove a configured window.

Motion window (focus)



When motion is triggered in the window.

When moused over. You edit the end points.

Motion window (trigger)

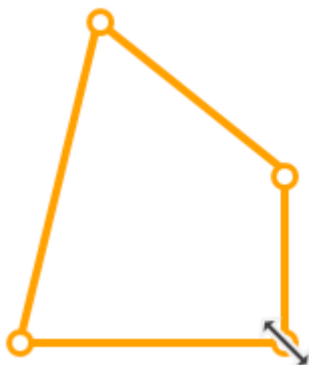


Motion window (hover on area)

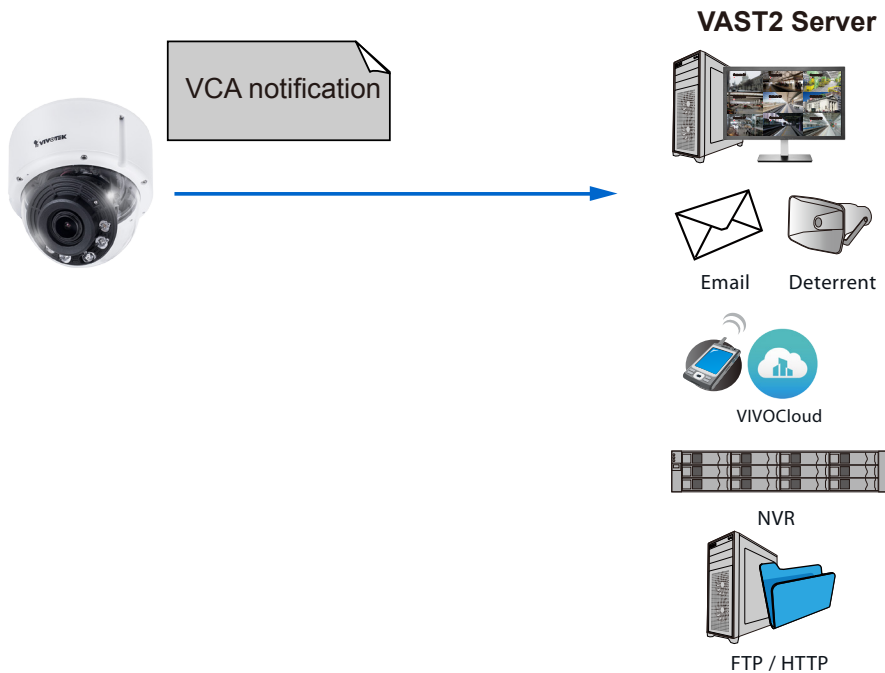


Click and drag the end points to edit the coverage of the motion window.

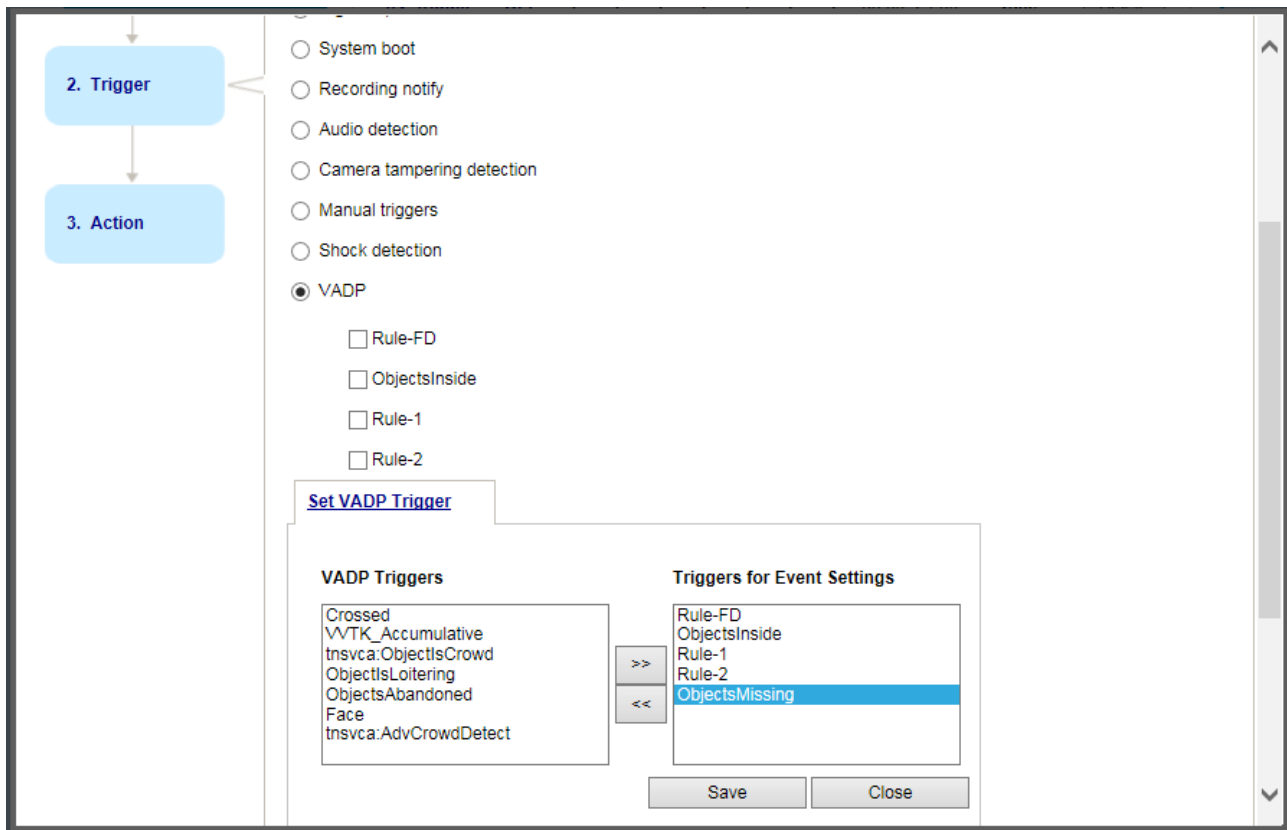
Motion window (hover on point)



- 13-2. When the Deep Learning VCA configuration is made, associate the event delivery with the occurrence of VCA events. For example, you can configure the camera to record the related video clips by the time the events occur, or sending an Email containing the snapshot of the event.

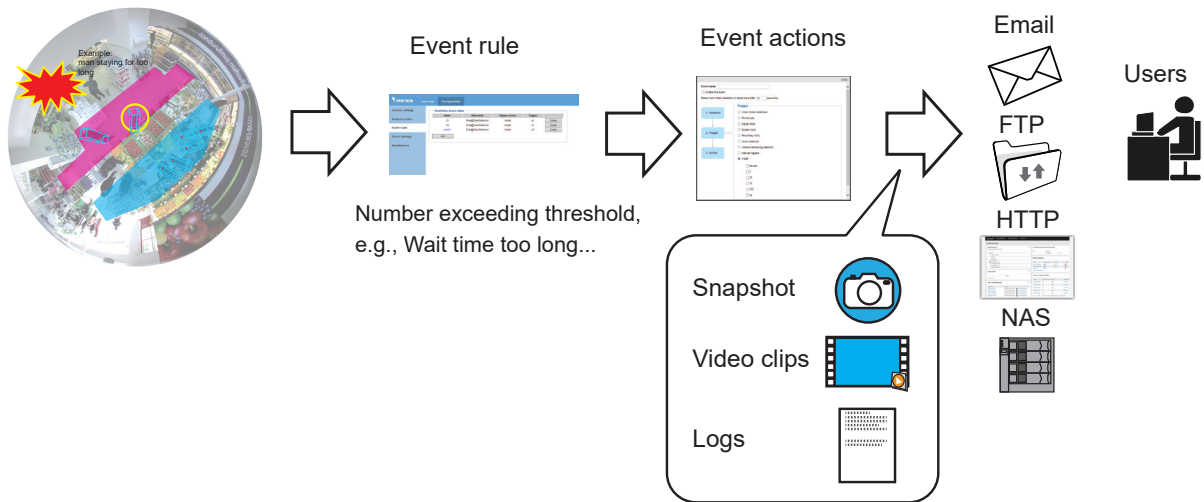


Configure the motion event notification in Configuration > Event settings.



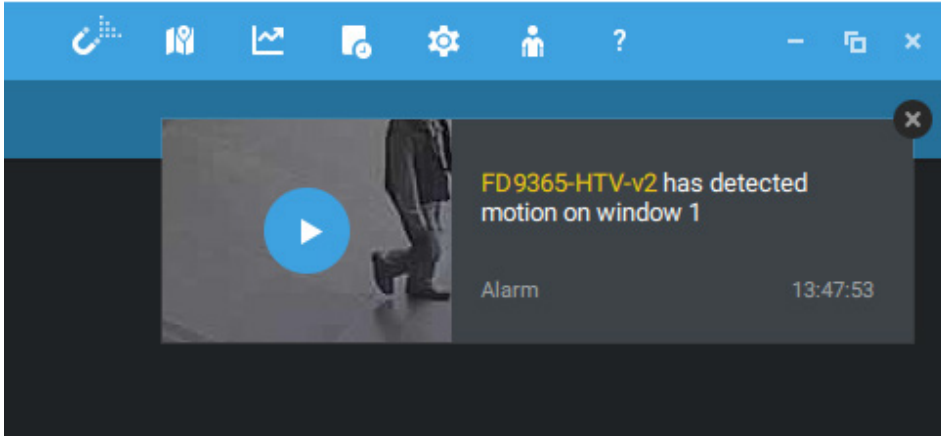
Configure and use the Event notification to send snapshot, video clips, or logs to your receivers.

VCA situation creates a trigger



Configuration & Viewing on the VAST Software:

VCA events prompt on VIVOTEK's central management software, VAST2. A single click on the event prompt can play back the related video footage.



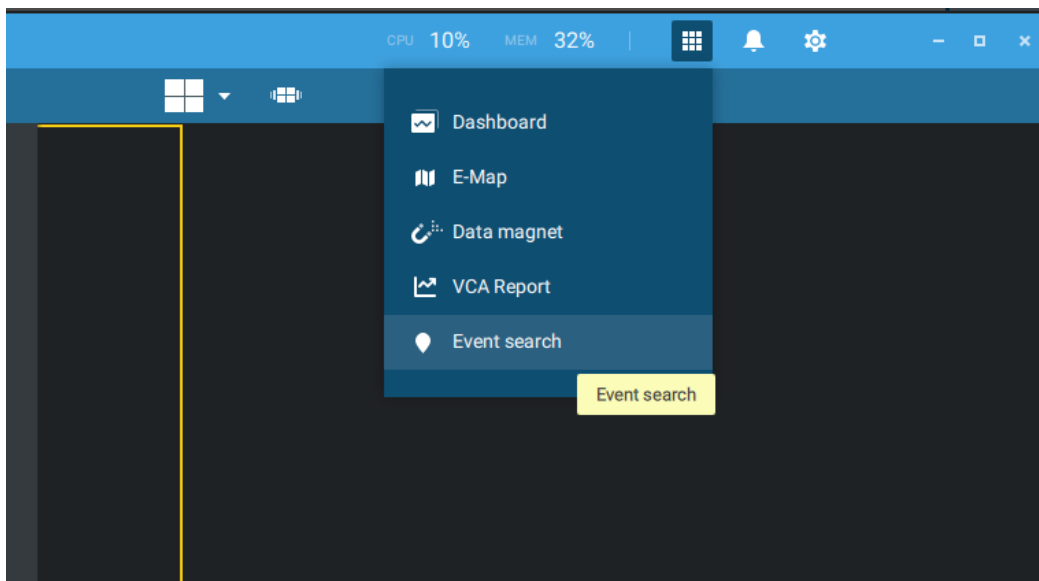
VCA events are tagged and can be retrieved from the event list using the Alarm Search function.

The search function has the following benefits:

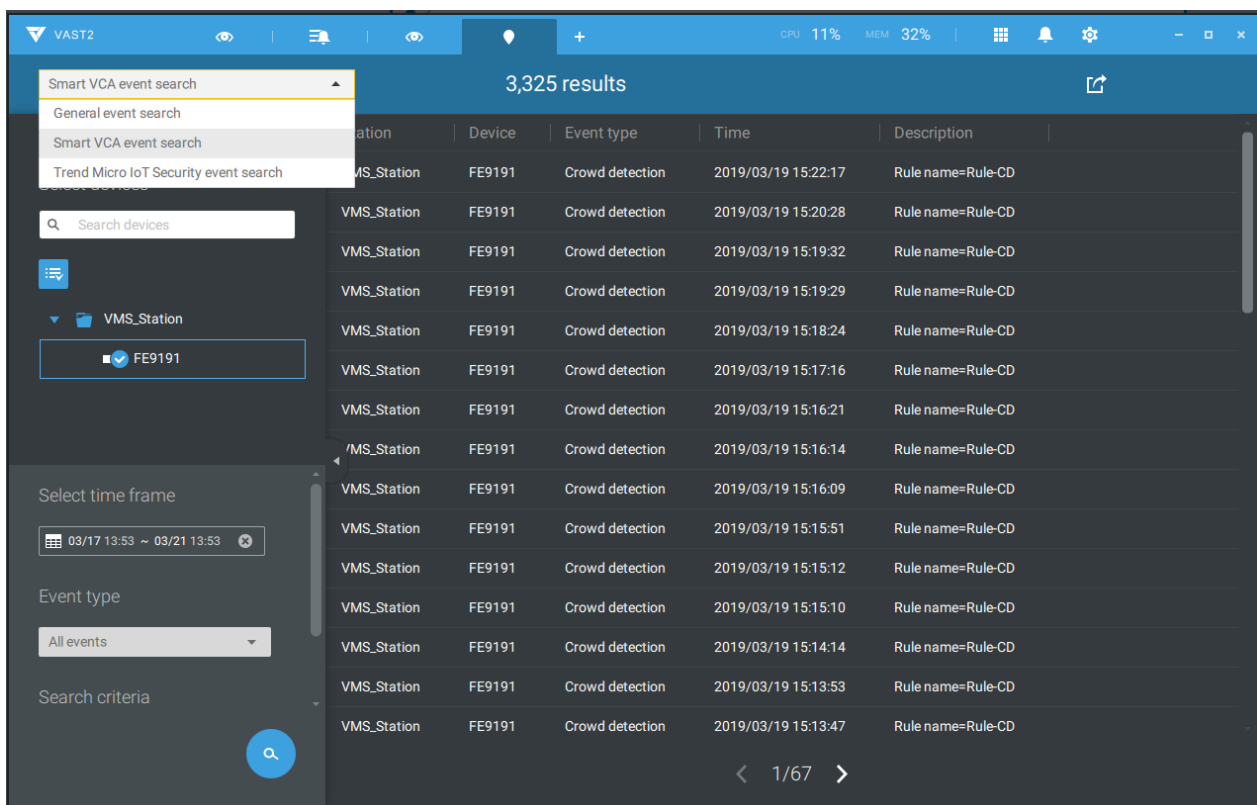
1. **Faster search:** Metadata is saved with videos coming from cameras running Deep Learning VCA detection. With the help of the metadata, the search focuses on the effective alerted vectors and the adverse effects, e.g., headlights causing dramatic contrast or small animals passing through, have already been eliminated by the camera. The search can be more rapidly completed.
2. **People detection:** The search can be conducted for human activities only. Activities matching the silhouettes of human will be considered as effective results.
3. **Multiple multi-point polygons:** Users can more readily create flexible polygons on the areas of their interest.

Note that the detection areas must have been configured on each camera before the VCA search can take effect.

Open the Application tab on VAST tool bar. Click Event search.



On the pull-down menu on the upper left, click Deep Learning VCA event search. Select the time span, and select the event type, and the search results will rapidly display.



If you find important events, use the Export function to export an event file. The file looks like this: 20190318_083935-20190319_152217_Smart VCA event.csv.

The rule name, rule type, and the time of occurrence will be listed.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	Station	Device	Event Type	Time	Description		
2	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
3	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
4	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
5	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
6	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
7	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
8	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
9	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
10	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
11	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
12	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
13	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
14	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
15	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
16	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
17	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
18	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
19	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
20	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
21	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
22	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
23	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		

In VAST > Settings > Event Management, configure VCA event from cameras as event triggers.

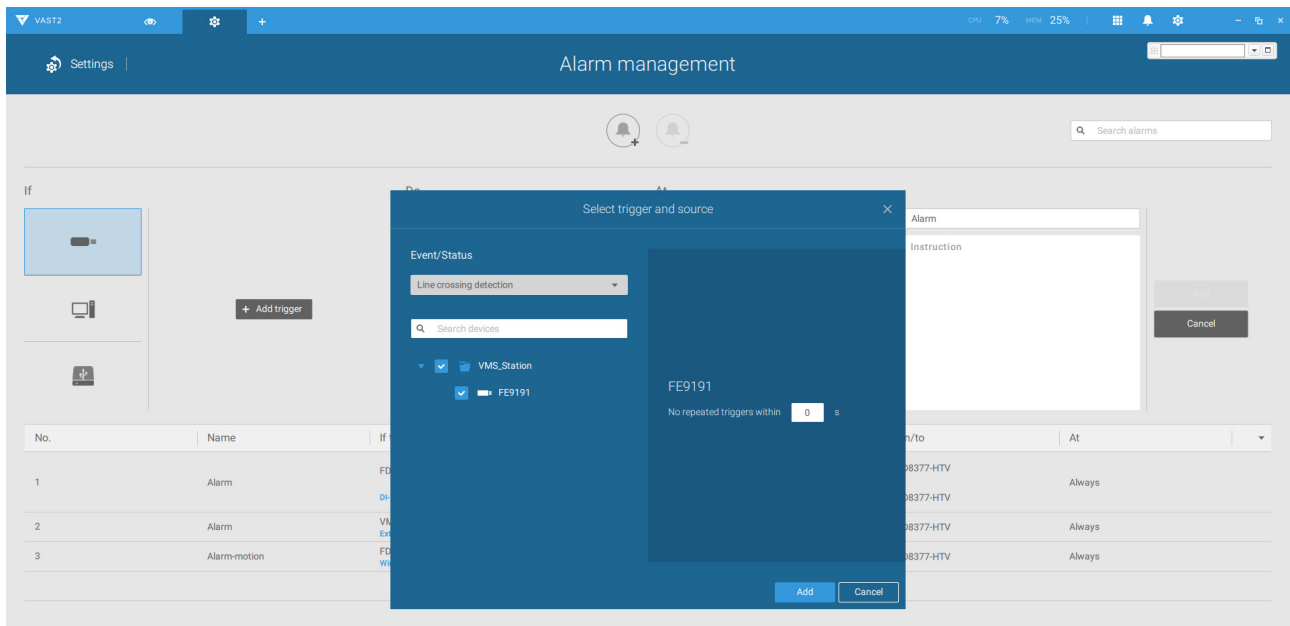
The screenshot displays the 'Alarm management' interface in the VAST software. The top bar shows 'VAST2' and 'Alarm management'. A notification in the top right corner states: 'FE9191 - Rule-2 has detected line crossing' with a timestamp of '15:22:51'.

The main configuration area is divided into three sections: 'If', 'Do', and 'At'. The 'If' section contains a dropdown menu with 'Line crossing' selected. The 'Do' section has a '+ Add trigger' button. The 'At' section has a '+ Add schedule' button and a dropdown menu with 'Always' selected. A 'Customize' button is also present.

Below the configuration area is a table listing the configured rules:

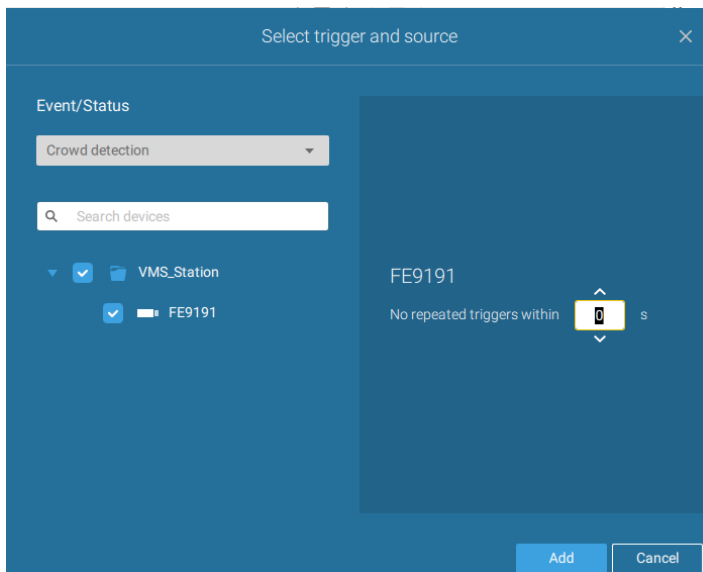
No.	Name	If the following is triggered	By	Do	On/To	At
1	Alarm-Line-crossing	FE9191 VCA-LineCrossingDetection	Line crossing detection	Start to record videos	FE9191	Always
2	Alarm	FD8377-HTV DI-1	Camera DI	Start to record videos Add bookmark	FD8377-HTV	Always
3	Alarm	VMS_Station ExtTCPMessage	TCP message	Start to record videos	FD8377-HTV	Always
4	Alarm-motion	FD8377-HTV Window 1	...	Motion detection	Start to record videos	FD8377-HTV

Click **Add Trigger** to enter the configuration window.



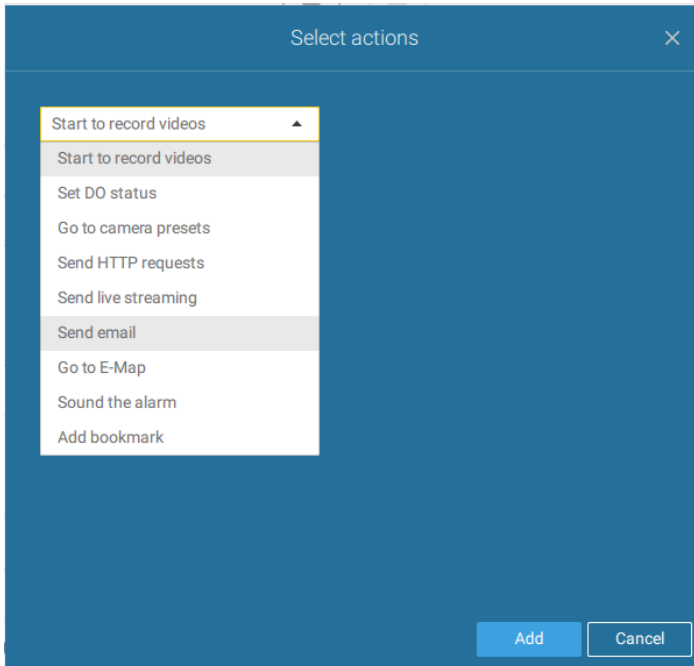
Proceed with the following:

1. Select the camera running the VCA detection.
2. Select the type of Deep Learning VCA feature.



3. Select the responsive action and complete the rest of the configuration.

Note that if **Add bookmark** is selected, the related video clip will be saved, and the clips will not be recycled when the storage space is full.



The configured VCA alarms will be listed and the configuration takes effect immediately.

